Electromechanical Solutions Position Sensors, Slip rings, Systems



PICTURES DEFINITION

Technologies









High temperature range



Characteristics

Shocks/vibrations resist



Low profile



High performances



Light weight





High IP Class



Electromechanical Solutions

Position Sensors, Slip rings, Systems



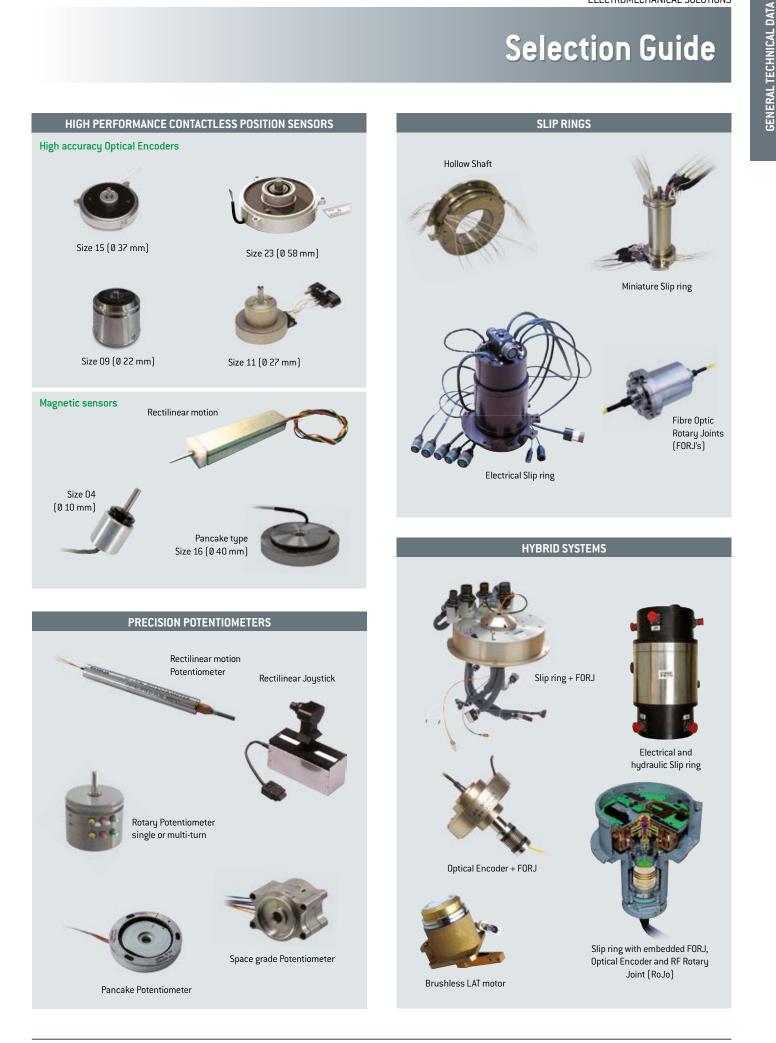
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Selection Guide





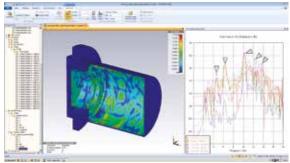
General information

ENGINEERING

Like all other companies of EXXELIA GROUP, the ELECTROMECHA-NICAL SOLUTIONS SBU benefits from sophisticated development and test tools:

- Autodesk AutoCAD, 2D CAD software.
- Autodesk INVENTOR, 3D CAD software.
- Autodesk **Simulation** for thermal and mechanical simulation.
- ALTIUM, for PCB design.
- CST Microwave Studio, for electromagnetic simulation.

These tools allow **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} highly qualified engineers to design the best solutions against every customer requirement.



CST Studio example

PRODUCTION

ELECTROMECHANICAL SOLUTIONS SBU qualified Engineers and Technicians use up to date production tools such as:

- 5 axes machining centre (WILLEMIN).
- Conventional turning machine (SCHAUBLIN).
- Digital turning machine (SCHAUBLIN).
- Conventional milling machines.
- Injection moulding machine (ARBURG).
- Conventional grinding machines.
- Digital turning machines for substrate machining.
- Plastic track trimming machines (Rotary and Rectilinear potentiometers).
- Custom test benches for micro-linearity and scale factor measurement.
- Ultrahigh Vacuum Chamber.
- Full electroplating line (Au, Ag, Ni...).
- Class 10 000 and 100 000 clean rooms.

Custom made Jig for optical encoders dynamic tests.

R&D AND TEST LABORATORY

The CSA department, like all **EXXELIA** GROUP divisions, benefits from high performance development and test equipment such as:

- Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM).
- Metallographic microscopes.
- Infrared spectrum analyzer.
- Viscosimeter.
- X-ray Inspection Machine.
- Chromatography (gas phase).
- Vibration and shock test equipment.
- Electronic Microscope.
- Durometer.
- Climatic chambers for thermal cycling, thermal shock, humidity and salt fog tests.
- Coordinate Measurement Machine

POSITION SENSORS

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} has been developing potentiometric sensors for over 50 years. Our position sensors are available in different technologies and adapted to all types of interface:

CONTACT TECHNOLOGY POSITION SENSORS:

- Linear motion
- Circular
- Multi-turn
- Pancake
- Digital potentiometer
- Switch

CONTACTLESS TECHNOLOGY POSITION SENSORS:

- Magnetic sensor
- Absolute and Incremental optical encoder
- Inductive sensor.

Our position sensors are available in all sizes from miniature (diam. 10mm) to the largest dimensions. We adapt our sensors to all mechanical and thermal interface types.

All **EXXELIA** GROUP products would exist in RoHS compliant version.

Contactless Position Sensors general information

1. INTRODUCING EXXELIA GROUP ENCODERS

Encoders are sensors that generate digital signals in response to movement. Encoders come with two outlines: rotary and linear. Both types sense mechanical motion and translate the information (velocity, position, acceleration) into useful data.

A contactless technology

To address demands for longer service life and with its strong track record in contact technology position sensors (potentiometers), Electromechanical Solutions SBU has been developing own-brand contactless sensors for nearly 10 years. These sensors are absolute and incremental optical encoders, magnetic technology and inductive sensors.

Absolute optical or magnetic encoders: absolute optical encoders are position sensors that use optical signals to identify an absolute angular position. The **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} encoders offer very high performance levels for a very small footprint:

- high precision (<30 arcsec),
- high resolution (up to 21 bits),
- highly thin (10mm),
- EMI EMC compatibility

Incremental optical or magnetic encoders: absolute optical encoders are position sensors that use optical signals to identify an absolute angular position. Incremental encoders have to be initialized by a first turn to produce an absolute position.

Applications: Aeronautics, Defense, Railway, Medical, Oil exploration, Telecommunications

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} encoders can also be easily combined with other functions like Slip rings or rotary joints (FORJ, HF...) in complete proprietary systems.

2. SENSING TECHNOLOGY

Encoders can use either optical or magnetic sensing technology.

Optical sensing provides high resolutions, high operating speeds, and reliability, long life operation in most environments.

Magnetic sensing, often used in rugged applications provides good resolution, high operating speeds, and maximum resistance to dust, moisture, and thermal and mechanical shock.

Optical Encoders: principles

Optical encoders' principle of operation is relatively simple; a light source (photo-emitter) sends light through a mobile disk or scale, consisting of a succession of opaque and transparent parts, on photo-receivers. When the disk or the scale moves, it conveys or alternatively blocks the light emitted by the source; the scale or the disk is acts in fact as a beam switch. The photoreceiver generates an electrical signal, which is processed and analyzed in order to allow encoding the system position.

An optical encoder consists of three major subsets:

- Encoder housing.
- Optical block: consisting of an emission system, an optical coding system and a detection system. It generates the position function signal.
- Electronics block: it allows amplifying, converting and processing the signal.

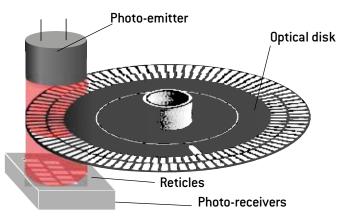
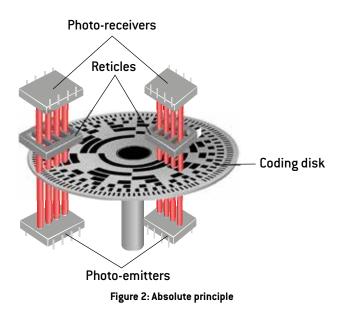
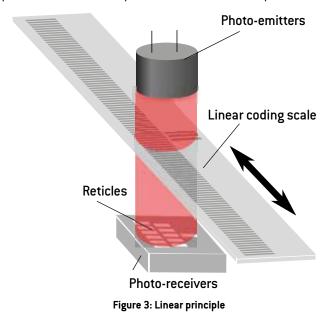


Figure 1: Incremental principle



Contactless Position Sensors general information

Optical encoders use a glass disk with a pattern of lines deposited on it, a metal or plastic disk with slots (in a rotary encoder), or a glass or metal strip (in a linear encoder). Light from a LED shines through the disk or strip onto one or more photodetectors, which produce the encoder's output.



3. MAGNETIC ENCODERS: PRINCIPLES

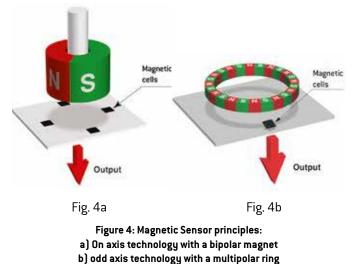
The position sensors which use the detection of a magnetic field generally work following the same principle:

A magnetic field is generated thanks to a permanent magnet or an electromagnet. The distribution in the space of this magnetic field is not homogeneous. Depending on the relative positions of the magnetic source, the sensors cells and a possible ferromagnetic third element, the magnitude of the field will be different. The measured value is then analysed as a function of the specific geometry in order to recover the information of position.

Among magnetic encoders we can distinguish several technologies which are using this principle to convert magnetic field into a physical quantity useful in electronic devices (typically current or tension). The most common are inductive encoder, magneto-resistive encoder and Hall effect encoder.

Magnetic encoders are typically robust and non-sensitive to environmental stress like shocks, vibrations, and chemical substances. In order to protect the measurement against a variation of the external magnetic field (especially next to motors), it is possible to add a magnetic shielding with specific materials and to carry out differential measurements.

Magnetic encoders constitute miniature long-life cost-effective sensors. Magnetic sensing technology is very resistant to dust, grease, moisture, and other contaminants common in industrial environments, as well to shock and vibrations.



4. ABSOLUTE OR INCREMENTAL CODING?

INCREMENTAL CODING

Incremental encoders provide a specific number of equally spaced pulses per revolution (PPR) or per inch or millimeter of linear motion.

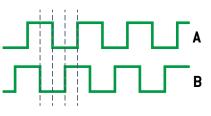
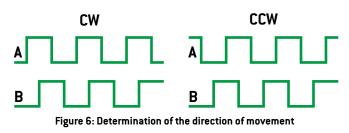


Figure 5: A and B quadrature signals

For applications that do not require detection sensing, a single channel output is used. But in most cases, two channels A and B, 90 electrical degrees out of phase are used. Those two channels allow a detection of the direction of motion (See Figure 6). This is useful for processes that can reverse, or must maintain steady position when standing still or mechanically oscillating.



The quantity of positions that can be detected depends on electronic processing from channels A and B (see Figure 7). In the case the disk has N periods or "bars":

If processing system only detects leading (or trailing) edges of channel A (or B), then the resolution is equal to the number N.

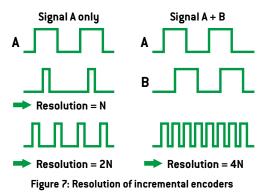
Contactless Position Sensors general information

If the system detects leading and trailing edges of channel A (or B), or if it detects leading or trailing edges of channels A and B, then the resolution is equal to 2N.

If processing system detects leading and trailing edges of the channels A and B, then the resolution is 4N.

In some configurations, it is even possible to electronically interpolate more precisely this signal and achieve up to 50N resolution.

To determine a position, incremental encoders need an initialization step that is a lap or a movement to find the "zero" reference or home position. After this step, each pulse will be accumulated into a counter. In case of a power interruption or corruption by electrical transients, the count is lost and the initialization step should be done again.



This "zero" or home position may be output as a signal known as the "marker," "index," or "Z channel."

Incremental encoders are principally used in applications where relative movement is required, such as machine or process control, robotics...

ABSOLUTE CODING

Absolute coding is basically different than incremental coding. Every position of an absolute encoder is unique. Unlike an incremental encoder, where position is determined by counting pulses from a zero mark or home base, the absolute encoder reads a system of coded tracks to establish position information.

Absolute encoders do not lose position when power is removed. Since each position is unique, true position verification is available as soon as power is up. It is not necessary to initialize the system by returning to home base.

An absolute encoder's resolution is defined as the number of bits in its output word. This output can be in natural binary or in gray code, which produces only a single bit change at each step to reduce errors.

Absolute encoders will be used when the measurement is critical and the application cannot afford an initializing step for

"zeroing" (seekers, flight commands, radar mechanics...).

How to easily understand the difference between incremental and absolute encoders?

A well-known image is that the difference between incremental and absolute encoders is similar to the difference between a stop watch and a clock. A stop watch measures the incremental time that elapses between its start and stop, just like an incremental encoder will provide a known number of pulses relative to a movement. If you knew the actual time when you started the watch, you can tell what time it is later by adding the elapsed time value from the stop watch. For position control, adding incremental pulses to a known starting position will measure the current position. When an absolute encoder is used, the actual position will constantly be transmitted, just as a clock will tell you the current time.

5. SSI / FSSI

SSI is a synchronous, point to point, serial communication channel for digital data transmission. Synchronous data transmission is one in which the data is transmitted by synchronizing the transmission at the receiving and sending ends using a common clock signal. Since start and stop bits are not present, this allows a better use of data transmission bandwidth for more message bits and makes the whole transmission process simpler and easier. The clock needs its own bandwidth and should be included when determining the total bandwidth required for communication between the two devices.

In general, as mentioned earlier, it is a point to point connection from a master (Microcontroller) to a slave (rotary encoders). The master controls the clock sequence and the slave transmits the current data/value through a shift register. When invoked by the master, the data is clocked out from the shift register. The master and slave are synchronized by the common clock of the controller.

The CLOCK and DATA signals are transmitted according to RS-422 standards. RS-422, also known as ANSI/TIA/EIA-422-B, is a technical standard that specifies the electrical characteristics of the balanced voltage digital interface circuit. Data are transmitted using balanced or differential signaling and the CLOCK and DATA lines are basically twisted pair cables.

FSSI is the same synchronous interface but includes a start bit and is more flexible for other options (Alarm bit, ID encoder....). The maximum bandwidth is 4 MHz.

SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER





PRESENTATION

The AEO9 absolute encoder includes EXXELIA GROUP state-of-theart and proprietary optical technology.

With their very compact design, high reliability and high precision, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} miniature encoders meet the requirements of the most demanding applications (Aerospace, Military, Industrial, Medical industry, Oil & mining industry...).

Various output protocols are available in order to match your application.





High temperature up to +115℃

Shocks/Vibrations resist



SSI/FSSI

interface



Low profile



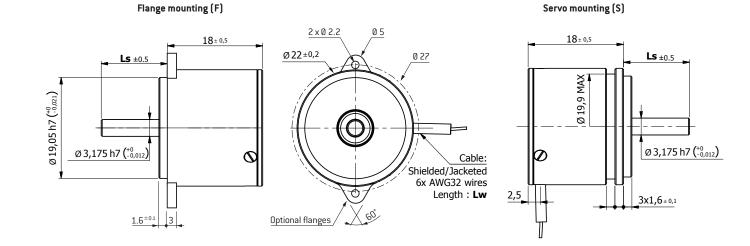
High performances

GENERAL DATA							
Resolution	Up to 19 bits						
Accuracy	\pm 1' max.						
Maximum rotation speed	300 rpm						
Starting torque	\leq 0.2 N.cm						
Weight (without cable)	35 g max.						

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA						
Operating temperature Up to -55° C to $+115^{\circ}$ C						
Storage temperature	-55°C to +125°C					
Sealing	IP 40					
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz					
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms					

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)



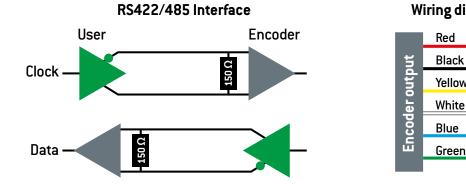


SINGLE TURN **ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER**

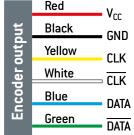
STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA						
Power supply	$+5 V_{DC} \pm 5\%$					
Maximum consumed current	130 mA					
Output signals	RS422/485					
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)					

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



Wiring diagram



	HOW TO ORDER								
	Mounting	Resolution	Protocol ¹	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance	
AE09	•	••	••	••	••	•••	•••	•	
	F	13	S1	ST	01	250	125	W	
	S	19	FS	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν	
				HT	XX				

13 to 16 bit F: Flange Standard S: Servo 17 to 19 bit Specific	FS: FSSI	ST: Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT: Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C HT: High Temp. -55°C to +115°C	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX: Custom coupling ²	250 : 250 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	125: 12.5 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliant N: Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER

The AE11 absolute encoder includes EXXELIA GROUP state-of-the-

With their very compact design, high reliability and high precision, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} miniature encoders meet the requirements of the most demanding applications (Aerospace, Military, Industrial, Medical industry, Oil & mining industry...). Various output protocols are available in order to match your









High temperature up to +115°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



application.

SSI / FSSI interface



PRESENTATION

art and proprietary optical technology.

Low profile



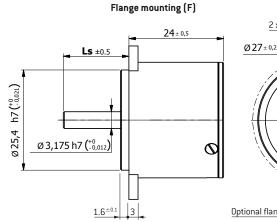
High performances

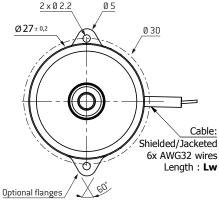
GENERAL DATA							
Up to 19 bits							
\pm 1' max.							
300 rpm							
\leq 0.2 N.cm							
40 g max.							

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA						
Operating temperature Up to -55° C to $+115^{\circ}$ C						
Storage temperature	−55°C to +125°C					
Sealing	IP 40					
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz					
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms					

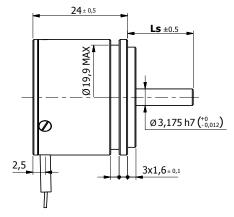
For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)





Servo mounting (S)

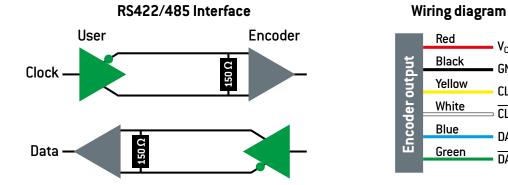


SINGLE TURN **ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER**

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA						
Power supply	$+5 V_{DC} \pm 5\%$					
Maximum consumed current	130 mA					
Output signals	RS422/485					
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)					

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



 V_{CC}

GND

CLK

DATA

DATA

	HOW TO ORDER								
	Mounting	Resolution	Protocol ¹	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance	
AE11	•	••	••	••	••	•••	•••	•	
	F	13	S1	ST	01	250	125	W	
	S	19	FS	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν	
				HT	XX				

13 to 16 bits \$1: SSI F: Flange Standard S: Servo 17 to 19 bits Standard Specific SSI2 compatible	ST: Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT: Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C HT: High Temp. -55°C to +115°C	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX: Custom coupling ²	250 : 250 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	125 : 12.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliant N: Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER





PRESENTATION

The AE13 absolute encoder includes EXXELIA GROUP state-of-theart and proprietary optical technology.

With their very compact design, high reliability and high precision, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} miniature encoders meet the requirements of the most demanding applications (Aerospace, Military, Industrial, Medical industry, Oil & mining industry...).

Various output protocols are available in order to match your application.





High temperature up to +115°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



SSI / FSSI interface



Low profile



High performances

GENERAL DATA					
Resolution	Up to 21 bits				
Accuracy	± 40"				
Maximum rotation speed	300 rpm				
Starting torque	\leq 0.1 N.cm				
Weight (without cable)	40 g max.				

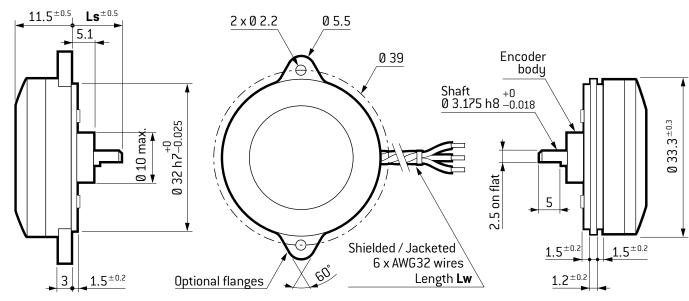
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA				
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +115°C			
Storage temperature	-55°C to +125°C			
Sealing	IP 40			
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz			
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms			

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

Flange mounting (F)

Servo mounting (S)

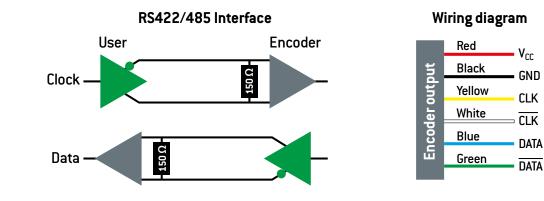


SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA				
Power supply	+5 $V_{DC} \pm$ 5%			
Maximum consumed current	130 mA			
Output signals	RS422/485			
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)			

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



HOW TO ORDER								
	Mounting	Resolution	Protocol ¹	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance
AE13	•	••	••	••	••	•••	•••	•
	F	13	S1	ST	01	250	115	W
	S	21	FS	MT	02	TBD	TBD	N
				HT	ХХ			

13 to 16 bits S1: SSI F: Flange Standard FS: FSSI S: Servo 17 to 21 bits Standard Specific SSI2 compatibl	 ST: Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT: Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C HT: High Temp. -55°C to +115°C 	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX: Custom coupling ²	250 : 250 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliant N: Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



The AE15 absolute encoder includes EXXELIA GROUP state-of-the-

With their very compact design, high reliability and high precision, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} miniature encoders meet the requirements of the most demanding applications (Aerospace, Military, Industrial, Medical industry, Oil & mining industry...). Various output protocols are available in order to match your









High temperature up to +115℃

GENERAL DATA

Shocks/Vibrations resist

Up to 21 bits ± 40 "

300 rpm

 \leq 0.1 N.cm

60 g max.



application.

SSI/FSSI interface



PRESENTATION

art and proprietary optical technology.

Low profile



High performances

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA				
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +115°C			
Storage temperature	−55°C to +125°C			
Sealing	IP 40			
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz			
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.			

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

Resolution

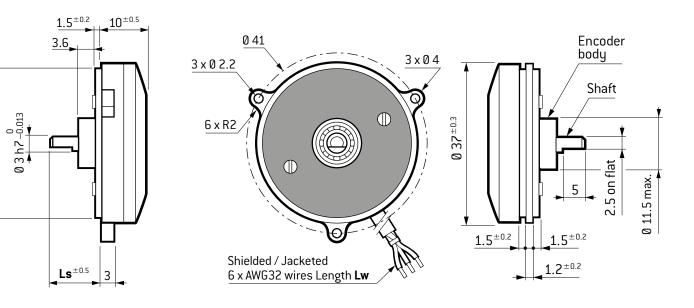
Accuracy Maximum rotation speed

Starting torque

Weight (without cable)

Flange mounting (F)

Servo mounting (S)



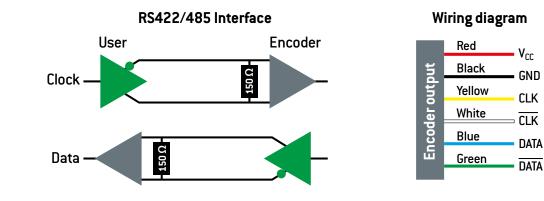
0 34 h7 -0.025

SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA				
Power supply	+5 V_{DC} ± 5%			
Maximum consumed current	130 mA			
Output signals	RS422/485			
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)			

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



HOW TO ORDER Temperature Mechanical Wire length Shaft length RoHS Mounting Resolution Protocol 1 range coupling (Lw)(Ls) compliance AE15 ••• • •• •• •• •• ••• • F 250 W 13 S1 ST 01 115 S 21 FS 02 TBD TBD Ν MT ΧХ HT

13 to 16 bits S1: SSI F: Flange Standard FS: FSSI S: Servo 17 to 21 bits Standard Specific SSI2 compatible	 ST: Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT: Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C HT: High Temp. -55°C to +115°C 	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX: Custom coupling ²	250 : 250 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliant N: Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER

The AE23 absolute encoder includes EXXELIA GROUP state-of-the-

With their very compact design, high reliability and high precision, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} miniature encoders meet the requirements of the most demanding applications (Aerospace, Military, Industrial, Medical industry, Oil & mining industry...). Various output protocols are available in order to match your







High temperature up to +115°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



application.

SSI/FSSI interface



art and proprietary optical technology.

PRESENTATION

Low profile



High performances

GENERAL DATA				
Resolution	Up to 21 bits			
Accuracy	± 20"			
Maximum rotation speed	300 rpm			
Starting torque	\leq 0.1 N.cm			
Weight (without cable)	200 g max.			

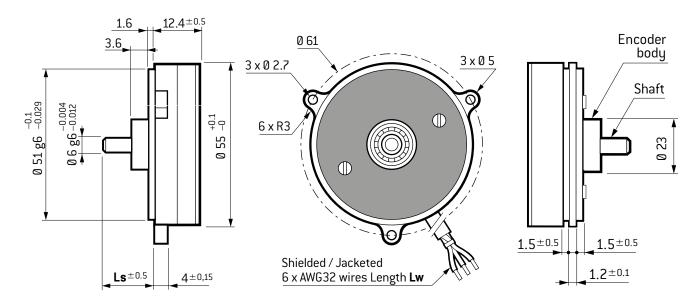
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA				
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +115°C			
Storage temperature	−55°C to +125°C			
Sealing	IP 40			
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz			
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.			

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

Flange mounting (F)

Servo mounting (S)

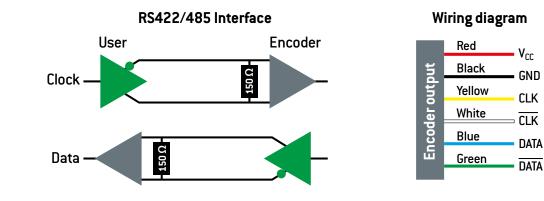


SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA				
Power supply	$+5 V_{DC} \pm 5\%$			
Maximum consumed current	200 mA			
Output signals	RS422/485			
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)			

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



HOW TO ORDER								
	Mounting	Resolution	Protocol ¹	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance
AE23	•	••	••	••	••	•••	•••	•
	F	13	S1	ST	01	250	115	W
	S	21	FS	MT	02	TBD	TBD	N
				HT	ХХ			

13 to 16 bits S1: SSI F: Flange Standard FS: FSSI S: Servo 17 to 21 bits Standard Specific SSI2 compatible	 ST: Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT: Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C HT: High Temp. -55°C to +115°C 	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX: Custom coupling ²	250: 250 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliant N: Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



AE23H





PRESENTATION

The **AE23H** absolute encoder includes **EXXELIA** GROUP state-ofthe-art and proprietary optical technology.

With their very compact design, high reliability and high precision, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} miniature encoders meet the requirements of the most demanding applications (Aerospace, Military, Industrial, Medical industry, Oil & mining industry...).

The presence of the hollow shaft makes possible the integration of a data transmission system (RoJo, FORJ, etc.) through the center of the optical encoder.





High temperature up to +115°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



SSI/FSSI interface



High performances



Low profile

GENERAL DATA					
Resolution	Up to 21bits				
Accuracy	± 20"				
Maximum rotation speed	300 rpm				
Starting torque	\leq 0.1 N.cm				
Weight (without cable)	100 g max.				

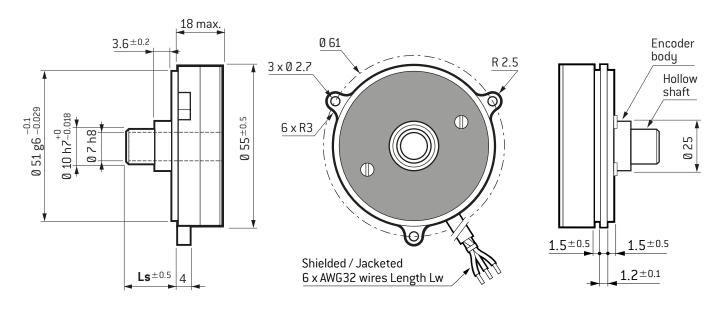
ENVIRON	ENVIRONMENTAL DATA				
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +115°C				
Storage temperature	−55°C to +125°C				
Sealing	IP 40				
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz				
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.				

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

Flange mounting (F)

Servo mounting (S)



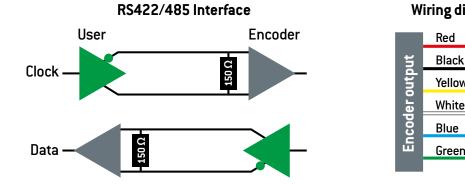
AE23H

SINGLE TURN **ABSOLUTE OPTICAL ENCODER**

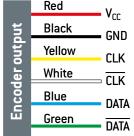
STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA					
Power supply	+5 V_{DC} ± 5%				
Maximum consumed current	200 mA				
Output signals	RS422/485				
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)				

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



Wiring diagram



	HOW TO ORDER							
	Mounting	Resolution	Protocol ¹	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance
AE23H	•	••	••	••	••	•••	•••	•
	F	13	S1	ST	01	250	115	W
	S	21	FS	MT	02	TBD	TBD	N
				HT	ХХ			

13 to 16 bits S1: SSI F: Flange Standard FS: FSSI S: Servo 17 to 21 bits Standard Specific SSI2 compatible	 ST: Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT: Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C HT: High Temp. -55°C to +115°C 	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX: Custom coupling ²	250 : 250 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliant N: Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



E09

SINGLE TURN





PRESENTATION

The **IEO9** miniature incremental encoder includes **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} state of-the-art and proprietary optical technology.

With their very compact design, high reliability and good precision, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} miniature encoders meet the requirements of the most demanding applications (Aerospace, Military, Industrial, Medical industry, Oil & mining industry...).





High temperature up to +115°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



High performances





Operating temperature

Storage temperature Sealing

Vibrations

Shocks

For other specifications, please contact us



Light weight

Up to -55°C to +115°C

-55°C to +125°C

IP 40

20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz

50 g, ¹/₂ sine, 11 ms.

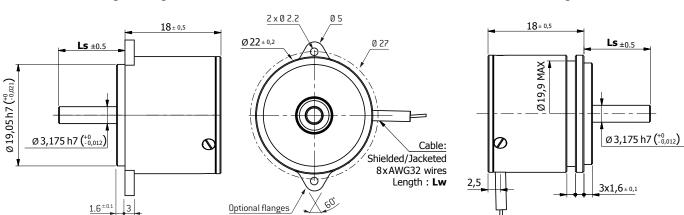
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

GENERAL DATA				
Resolution	Up to 65536 CPR ¹			
Accuracy	\pm 2' max.			
Maximum rotation speed	3000 rpm			
Starting torque	\leq 0.1 N.cm			
Weight (without cable)	35 g max.			

Flange mounting (F)

¹ Counts per revolution

DIMENSIONS (in mm)





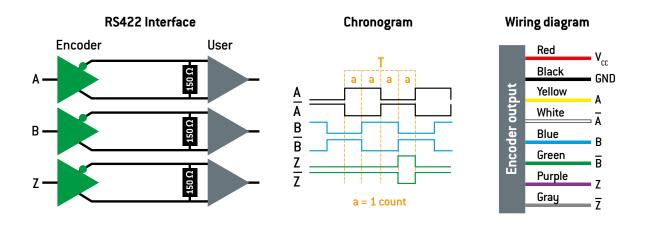
Servo mounting (S)

SINGLE TURN

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA					
Power supply	$+5 V_{DC} \pm 5\%$				
Maximum consumed current	130 mA				
Output signals	RS422/TTL				
Maximum operating frequency	4 MHz (TTL)				

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



	HOW TO ORDER						
	Mounting	Resolution (CPR)	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance
IE09	•	••••	••	••	•••	•••	•
	F	1024	ST	01	250	115	W
	S	65536	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν
			HT	XX			

F: Flange 1024 to S: Servo 65536 CPR	ST : Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT : Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C HT : High Temp. -55°C to +115°C	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX: Custom coupling ²	250 : 250 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliant N: Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



SINGLE TURN





PRESENTATION

The **IE11** miniature incremental encoder includes **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} state of-the-art and proprietary optical technology.

With their very compact design, high reliability and good precision, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} miniature encoders meet the requirements of the most demanding applications (Aerospace, Military, Industrial, Medical industry, Oil & mining industry...).





High temperature up to +115°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



High performances





Operating temperature

Storage temperature Sealing

Vibrations

Shocks

For other specifications, please contact us



Light weight

Up to -55°C to +115°C

-55°C to +125°C

IP 40

20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz

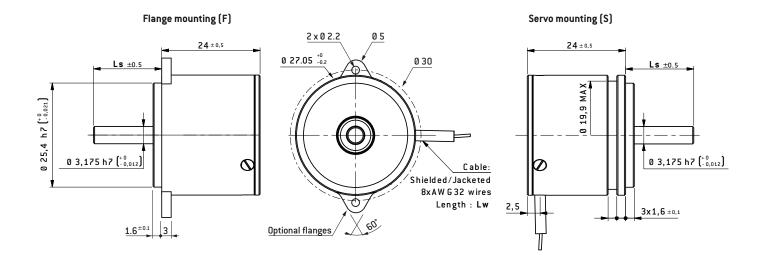
50 g, ¹/₂ sine, 11 ms.

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

4288 CPR 1
.' max.
IO rpm
1 N.cm
g max.

¹ Counts per revolution

DIMENSIONS (in mm)



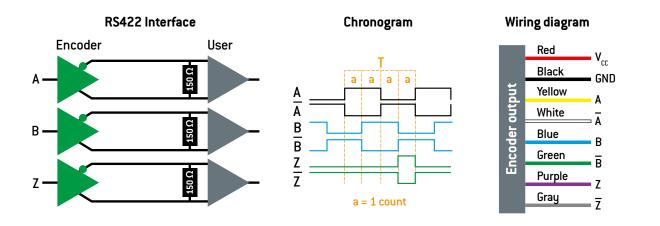


SINGLE TURN

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA					
Power supply	$+5 V_{DC} \pm 5\%$				
Maximum consumed current	130 mA				
Output signals	RS422/TTL				
Maximum operating frequency	4 MHz (TTL)				

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



	HOW TO ORDER						
	Mounting	Resolution (CPR)	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance
IE11	•	•••••	••	••	•••	•••	•
	F	1024	ST	01	250	115	W
	S	524288	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν
			HT	XX			

F : Flange S : Servo	1024 to 524288 CPR	ST: Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT: Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹	250 : 250 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined	W: RoHS compliant N: Non compliant
		HT: High Temp. −55°C to +115°C	XX: Custom coupling ²	by the customer	by the customer	

1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



SINGLE TURN





PRESENTATION

The **IE15** miniature incremental encoder includes **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} state of-the-art and proprietary optical technology.

With their very compact design, high reliability and good precision, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} miniature encoders meet the requirements of the most demanding applications (Aerospace, Military, Industrial, Medical industry, Oil & mining industry...).





High temperature up to +125°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



High performances







Light weight

GENERAL DATA						
Resolution	Up to 524288 CPR 1					
Accuracy	± 40"					
Maximum rotation speed	3000 rpm					
Starting torque	\leq 0.1 N.cm					
Weight (without cable)	35 g max.					

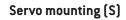
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA						
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +125°C					
Storage temperature	−55°C to +125°C					
Sealing	IP 40					
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz					
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.					

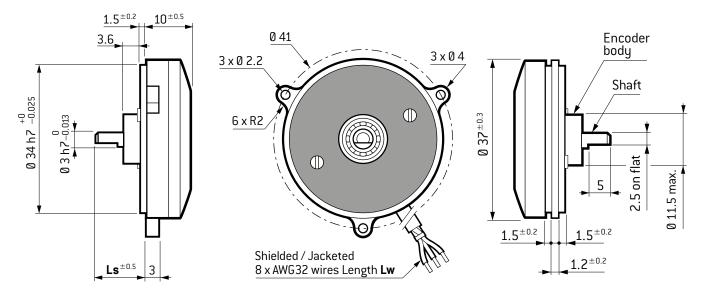
For other specifications, please contact us

¹ Counts per revolution

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

Flange mounting (F)



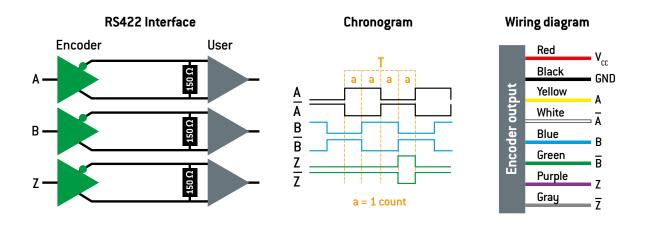


SINGLE TURN

STANDARD ELEC	TRICAL DATA
Power supply	+5 V_{DC} ± 5%
Maximum consumed current	130 mA
Output signals	RS422/TTL
Maximum operating frequency	4 MHz (TTL)

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



	HOW TO ORDER						
	Mounting	Resolution (CPR)	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance
IE15	•	•••••	••	••	•••	•••	•
	F	1024	ST	01	250	115	W
	S	524288	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν
			HT	XX			

		ST : Standard temp. −40°C to +85°C	01 : Without coupling	250 : 250 mm	115 : 11.5 mm	W : RoHS compliant
F: Flange	1024	MT: Medium temp.	02:	Standard	Standard	Runs compliant
S: Servo	to 524288 CPR	-45℃ to +105℃	Standard coupling 1	TBD:	TBD:	N:
		HT : High Temp. −55°C to +115°C	XX : Custom coupling ²	To Be Defined by the customer	To Be Defined by the customer	Non compliant

1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



SINGLE TURN **ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER**





PRESENTATION

The absolute encoder AME04 is the smallest rotary sensor based on magnetic technology designed by EXXELIA GROUP. Its compactness makes this product a cost-effective solution for applications in confined areas and it can be ideally used for automatic control, on-line gauging, in-process monitoring systems, etc.

Various output protocols are available in order to match most applications.







SSI/FSSI interface



Miniaturization





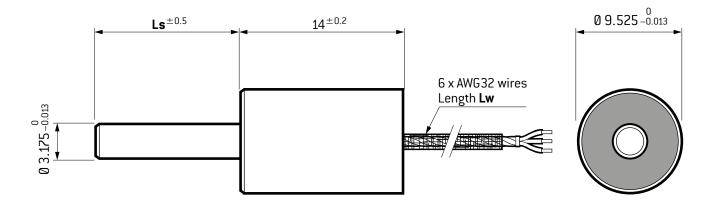


GENERAL	_ DATA
Resolution	Up to 16 bits
Accuracy	Up to \pm 20'
Maximum rotation speed	600 rpm
Starting torque	\leq 0.1 N.cm
Weight (without cable)	10 g max.

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA						
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +125°C					
Storage temperature	−55°C to +125°C					
Sealing	IP 40					
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz					
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.					
Magnetic field susceptibility	20 mT max.					

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

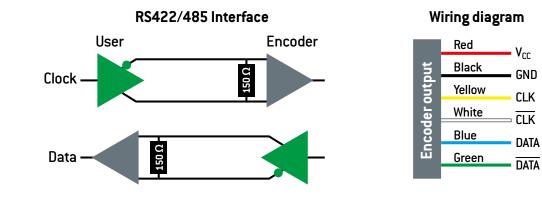


SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER

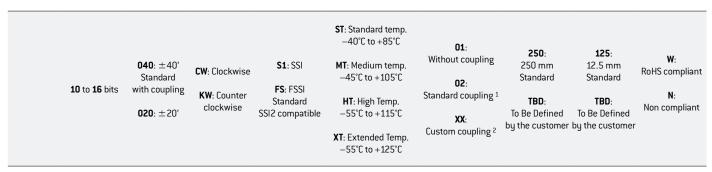
STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA					
Power supply	+5 V_{DC} ± 5%				
Maximum consumed current	30 mA				
Output signals	RS422/485				
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)				

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



	HOW TO ORDER								
	Resolution	Accuracy	Direction of signals	Protocol ¹	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance
AME04	••	•••	••	••	••	••	•••	•••	•
	10	040	CW	S1	ST	01	250	125	W
	16	020	KW	FS	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν
					HT	ХХ			
					XT				



1: Please refer to <code>«Encoder Handbook»</code> available on <code>EXXELIA GROUP</code> website.



SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER





PRESENTATION

The absolute encoder AME05 is a small rotary sensor based on magnetic technology designed by EXXELIA GROUP. Its compactness makes this product a cost-effective solution for applications in confined areas and it can be ideally used for automatic control, on-line gauging, in-process monitoring systems, etc.

Various output protocols are available in order to match your application.





High temperature up to +125°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



SSI/FSSI interface



Low profile



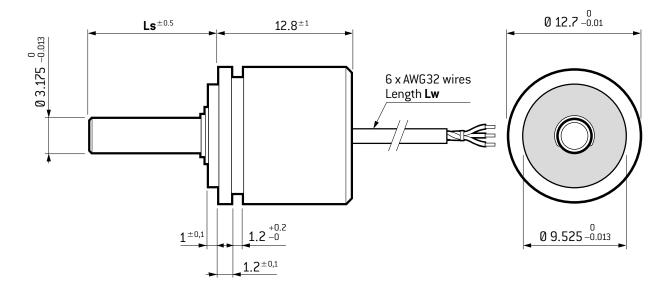
Light weight

GENERAL	DATA
Resolution	Up to 16 bits
Accuracy	Up to \pm 20'
Maximum rotation speed	600 rpm
Starting torque	\leq 0.1 N.cm
Weight (without cable)	10 g max.

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA							
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +125°C						
Storage temperature	–55°C to +125°C						
Sealing	IP 40						
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz						
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.						
Magnetic field susceptibility	20 mT max.						

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

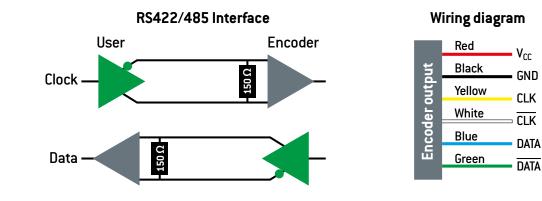


SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER

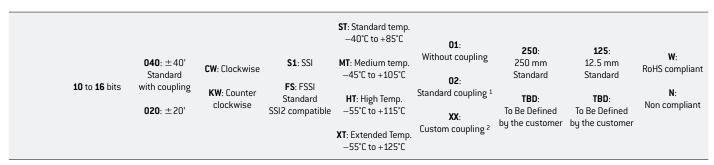
STANDARD ELEC	TRICAL DATA
Power supply	+5 V _{DC} \pm 5%
Maximum consumed current	30 mA
Output signals	RS422/485
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



	HOW TO ORDER											
	Resolution Accuracy Direction Protocol ¹ Temperature Mechanical Wire length Shaft length range coupling (Lw) (Ls)											
AME05	••	•••	••	••	••	••	•••	•••	•			
	10	040	CW	S1	ST	01	250	125	W			
	16	020	KW	FS	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν			
					HT	XX						
					XT							



1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER





PRESENTATION

AME09 is a magnetic encoder designed by EXXELIA GROUP. Its compactness makes this product a cost-effective solution for applications in confined areas and it can be ideally used for automatic control, on-line gauging, in-process monitoring systems, etc.

Various output protocols are available in order to match most applications.





High temperature up to +125°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



SSI/FSSI

interface

Low profile



Light weight

GENERAL DATA							
Resolution	Up to 16 bits						
Accuracy	Up to \pm 10'						
Maximum rotation speed	600 rpm						
Starting torque	\leq 0.1 N.cm						
Weight (without cable)	10 g max.						

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA								
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +125°C							
Storage temperature	–55°C to +125°C							
Sealing	IP 40							
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz							
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.							
Magnetic field susceptibility	20 mT max.							

For other specifications, please contact us

$0 22.2^{\pm 1}$



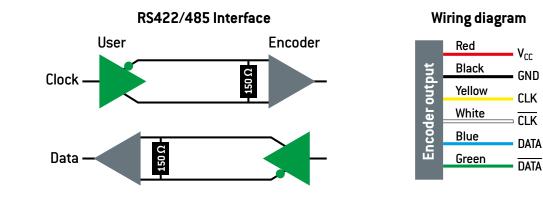
DIMENSIONS (in mm)

SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER

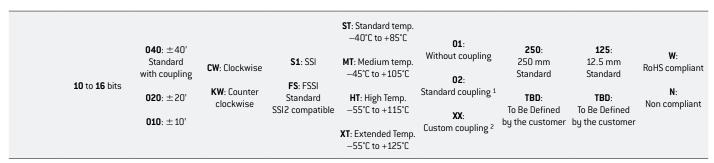
STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA							
Power supply	+5 $V_{DC}~\pm$ 5% or +10 V_{DC} optional						
Maximum consumed current	30 mA						
Output signals	RS422/485						
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)						

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



	HOW TO ORDER											
	Resolution Accuracy Direction Protocol ¹ Temperature Mechanical Wire length Shaft length range coupling (Lw) (Ls)											
AME09	••	•••	••	••	••	••	•••	•••	•			
	10	040	CW	S1	ST	01	250	125	W			
	16	020	KW	FS	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν			
		010			HT	XX						
					ХТ							



1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.



SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER





PRESENTATION

The absolute encoder **AME13** is a rotary sensor based on magnetic technology. Low profile configuration and high accuracy make it very useful in applications which need axial access: actuators, electromechanical aerospace devices ...

Various output protocols are available in order to match most applications





High temperature up to +125°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



SSI / FSSI interface



High performances



Low profile

GENERAL DATA								
Resolution	Up to 19 bits							
Accuracy	Up to \pm 1.5'							
Maximum rotation speed	2000 rpm							
Weight (without cable)	30 g max.							
	0							

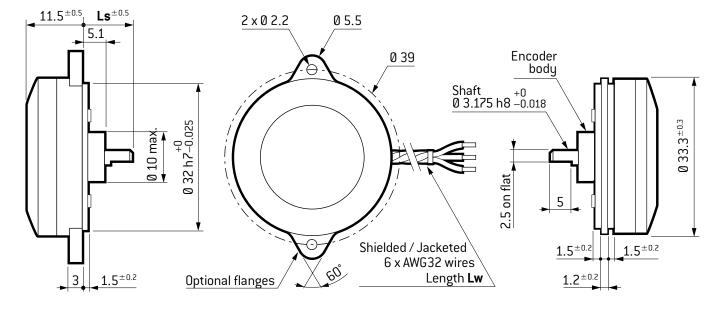
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA							
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +125°C						
Storage temperature	–55°C to +125°C						
Sealing	IP 40						
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz						
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.						
Magnetic field susceptibility	20 mT max.						

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

Flange mounting (F)

Servo mounting (S)



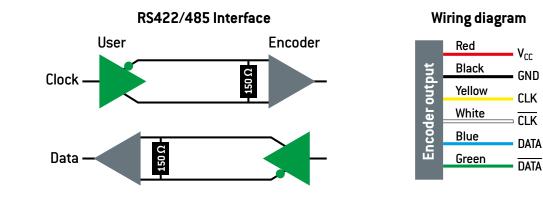


SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA						
Power supply	+5 $V_{DC} \pm$ 5%					
Maximum consumed current	100 mA					
Output signals	RS422/485					
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)					

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



	HOW TO ORDER											
	Mounting	Resolution	Accuracy	Direction of signals	Protocol ¹	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance		
AME13	•	••	•••	••	••	••	••	•••	•••	•		
	F	10	150	CW	S1	ST	01	250	115	W		
	S	19	075	KW	FS	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν		
			015			HT	03					
						ХТ						

F : Flange S : Servo	10 to 19 bits	$150: \pm 15'$ Standard with coupling 075: $\pm 2.5'$ 015: $\pm 1.5'$	CW: Clockwise KW: Counter clockwise	S1 : SSI FS : FSSI Standard SSI2 compatible	MT: Medium temp. −45°C to +105°C	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ 03: Custom coupling ²	250: 250 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	115: 11.5 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliar N: Non complian
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1: Please refer to <code>«Encoder Handbook»</code> available on $\mathbf{EXXELIA}^{\mathsf{GROUP}}$ website.



SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER





PRESENTATION

The absolute encoder **AME15** is a rotary sensor based on magnetic technology. Low profile configuration and high accuracy make it very useful in applications which need axial access: actuators, electromechanical aerospace devices ...

Various output protocols are available in order to match most applications.





High temperature up to +125°C

Shocks/Vibrations resist



SSI/FSSI interface



High performances



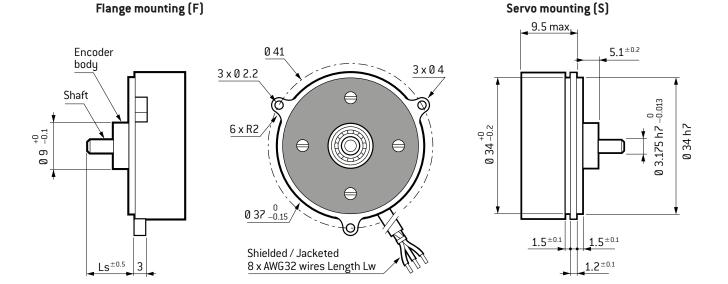
Low	profile

GENERAL DATA	
Up to 19 bits	
Up to \pm 1.5'	
2000 rpm	
30 g max.	

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA	
Up to –55°C to +125°C	
−55°C to +125°C	
IP 40	
20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz	
50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.	
20 mT max.	

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)



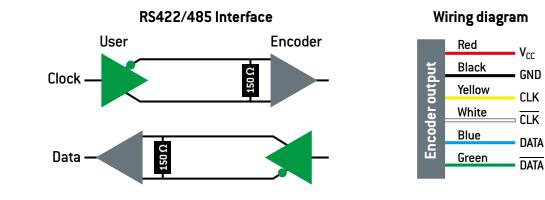
AME15

SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER

STANDARD ELEC	CTRICAL DATA
Power supply	+5 $V_{DC} \pm$ 5%
Maximum consumed current	100 mA
Output signals	RS422/485
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



HOW TO ORDER Direction Temperature Mechanical Wire length Shaft length RoHS Protocol 1 Mounting Resolution Accuracy of signals range coupling (Lw) (Ls) compliance AME15 ••• •• •• •• •• ... • • •• ... F 250 10 150 CW S1 ST 01 115 W S 075 KW FS TBD TBD 19 MT 02 Ν 015 ΗT ΧХ XT

F : Flange 10 to 19 b S : Servo	with coupling	CW : Clockwise KW : Counter clockwise	S1 : SSI FS : FSSI Standard SSI2 compatible	ST : Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT : Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C HT : High Temp. -55°C to +115°C XT : Extended Temp. -55°C to +125°C	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX: Custom coupling ²	250 : 250 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS complian N: Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.

2: For further information, please contact us.



AME16PC

SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER







The absolute encoder **AME16PC** is a pancake (bearingless) rotary sensor based on magnetic technology. Low profile configuration makes it very useful in applications which need axial access: actuators, electromechanical aerospace devices, etc.

Various output protocols are available in order to match most applications.



High temperature up to +125°C

GENERAL DATA



Shocks/Vibrations resist

Up to 19 bits Up to \pm 1.5'

2000 rpm

25 g max.



SSI/FSSI interface



Low

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA						
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +125°C					
Storage temperature	−55°C to +125°C					
Sealing	IP 40					
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz					
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.					
Magnetic field susceptibility	20 mT max.					

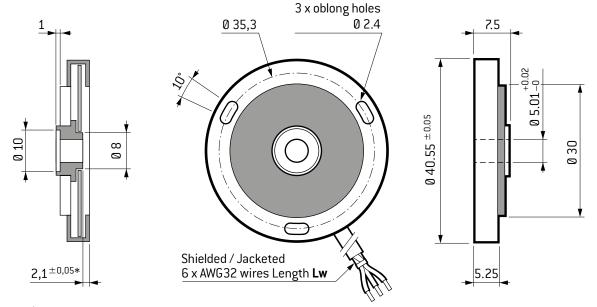
For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

Resolution

Accuracy Maximum rotation speed

Weight



* For mounting conditions, please contact us.



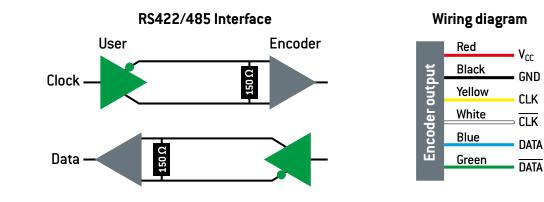
AME16PC

SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE MAGNETIC ENCODER

STANDARD ELE	CTRICAL DATA
Power supply	+5 V_{DC} ± 5%
Maximum consumed current	100 mA
Output signals	RS422/485
Maximum operating frequency	2 MHz (SSI) / 4 MHz (FSSI)

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



HOW TO ORDER Accuracy Direction Temperature Mechanical Wire length RoHS Protocol 1 Resolution in nominal position of signals coupling (Lw) compliance range AME16PC ••• •• •• ••• • •• •• •• 250 10 150 CW S1 ST 01 W 075 KW FS 02 TBD 19 MT Ν 015 ΗT ΧХ ΧT

10 to 19 bits	150 : \pm 15' Standard with coupling 075 : \pm 7.5' 015 : \pm 1.5'	CW : Clockwise KW : Counter clockwise	S1 : SSI FS : FSSI Standard SSI2 compatible	ST: Standard temp. -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C MT: Medium temp. -45° C to $+105^{\circ}$ C HT: High Temp. -55° C to $+115^{\circ}$ C XT: Extended Temp. -55° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX : Custom coupling ²	250: 250 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.

2: For further information, please contact us.



IME15

SINGLE TURN







The incremental encoder **IME15** is a rotary sensor based on magnetic technology. Low profile configuration and high accuracy make it very useful in applications which need axial access: actuators, electromechanical aerospace devices ...

Various output protocols are available in order to match most applications.



High temperature up to +125°C



Shocks/Vibrations resist



High performances



Low	p

GENERAL DATA						
Resolution	Up to 262144 CPR 1					
Accuracy	Up to $\pm 10^{\circ}$					
Maximum rotation speed	2000 rpm					
Weight (without cable)	30 g max.					
1 Counts por royalution						

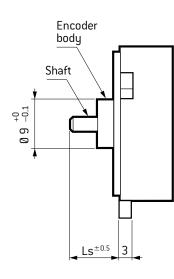
¹ Counts per revolution

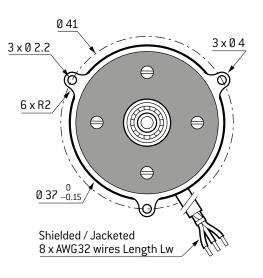
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA					
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +125°C				
Storage temperature	-55°C to +125°C				
Sealing	IP 40				
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz				
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.				
Magnetic field susceptibility	20 mT max.				

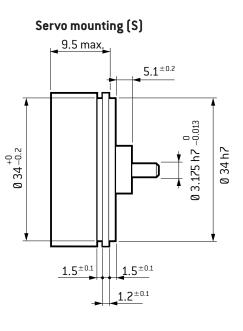
For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)









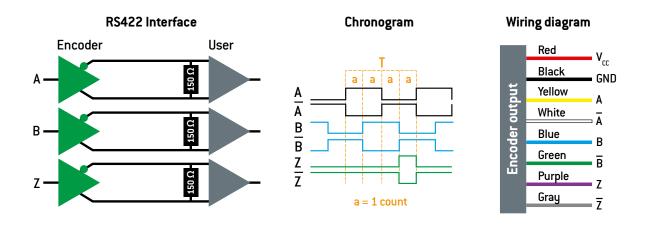
IME15

SINGLE TURN

STANDARD ELEC	TRICAL DATA
Power supply	$+5 V_{DC} \pm 5\%$
Maximum consumed current	100 mA
Output signals	RS422
Maximum operating frequency	6.25 MHz (TTL)

For other specifications, please contact us

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE



	HOW TO ORDER							
	Mounting	Resolution (CPR)	Temperature range	Mechanical coupling	Wire length (Lw)	Shaft length (Ls)	RoHS compliance	
IME15	•	•••••	••	••	•••	•••	•	
	В	4	ST	01	250	115	W	
	S	262144	MT	02	TBD	TBD	Ν	
			HT	ХХ				

B: Bushing 4 to S: Servo 262144 CPR	ST : Standard temp. -40°C to +85°C MT : Medium temp. -45°C to +105°C HT : High Temp. -55°C to +115°C	01: Without coupling 02: Standard coupling ¹ XX: Custom coupling ²	250 : 250 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	W: RoHS compliant N: Non compliant
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1: Please refer to «Encoder Handbook» available on EXXELIA GROUP website.

2: For further information, please contact us.



1. INTRODUCING EXXELIA GROUP POTENTIOMETERS

For over 50 years, **EXXELIA** GROUP has been developing potentiometric sensors for civil and spatial applications and for the defense sector. **EXXELIA** GROUP has special know-how in the two basic manufacturing techniques used to produce potentiometer sensor tracks:

• Conductive film technology

• Wirewound technology

Apart from the different technologies used, these potentiometers break down into several families:

- rotary potentiometers (for copying positions or driving rotary systems),
- single-turn or multi-turn potentiometers
- pancake potentiometers (monobloc with a mobile "wiper" part inseparable from the shaft and no ball bearings),
- Linear motion potentiometers (for copying positions or driving systems with linear translation motion),
- digital potentiometers (equipped with an analog-digital converter -> 16 bits),
- rotary switches providing discrete signals on multiple bits and used for example to define angular sectors (used to set limits for security sectors when mounted on weapon station Slip rings).

Summary definitions of terms related to non-wirewound (conductive polymer) precision potentiometers as per standard NF C 93255 and MIL R 39023 and to wirewound potentiometers as per standard NF C 93265 and MIL R 12934:

Nominal resistance (Rn): rated label value of the potentiometer.

Total resistance (Rt): value measured between the input and output, Rt should be between the Rn + and the Rn – tolerances.

Effective electrical travel: value in degrees of angular deviation corresponding to an effective variation in resistance. See fig. 1, which also shows total electrical travel and mechanical travel Two possibilities are presented: fig. 1A for continuous rotation single turn potentiometers and fig. 1B for single or multi-turn potentiometers with stops.

Standardized definitions for mechanical travel and electrical travel:

Fig. 1A - Single or multi-turn potentiometer with stops.

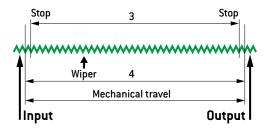
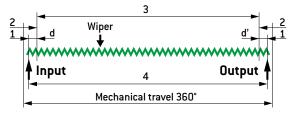


Fig. 1B - Single-turn continuous rotation potentiometer.



- 1. dead space (electrical discontinuity)
- non-conformity space (difference between the 360° mechanical travel and the actual electrical travel, fig. 1A
- **3.** effective electrical travel (value corresponding to an effective variation in resistance in which conformity is verified)
- **4.** total electrical travel (in the example in fig. 1B the total electrical travel, or mechanical travel, may be taken for the effective electrical travel}
- dd' overtravel (as in fig. 1A)
 - single turn potentiometer: mechanical travel at less than 360°
 - n-turns potentiometer mechanical travel greater than $n,\,360^\circ$

Movement: a movement includes the clockwise and counterclockwise travels of the shaft

Backlash: value in degrees of the angle of rotation that does not result in any contact travel during a change in direction

Function: the relationship between the electrical value to be obtained (theoretical function) or obtained (actual function) at the output terminals and the wiper position in the actual electrical travel

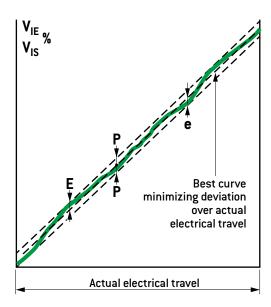
Conformity deviation: positive or negative deviation in the values of the functions desired and obtained for each wiper position linearity deviation for linearity function



Conformity: percentage between the maximum conformity deviation (absolute value) and the maximum electrical value measured between input and output, as in fig. 1A and 1B. linearity, for linearity function.

Corrected deviation: absolute value of the deviation between the best curve of the effective electrical travel minimizing the deviations and the curve representing the desired function.

Fig. 2 - Independent linearity curve



 \mathbf{V}_{IE} Voltage between input and wiper

- V_{IS} Voltage applied to potentiometer terminals
- E Upper deviation
- e Lower deviation

P Conformity tolerance
$$\frac{E+e}{2}$$
 < P

– – Authorized deviations

Independent conformity: percentage between the absolute value of the maximum corrected deviation and the maximum electrical value measured between input and output Independent linearity for the linearity function.

Theoretical angular resolution: rotation angle formed by the wiper passing from one turn to the next. For a linear variation law it is the quotient of the total electrical travel over the number of turn. For a non-linear variation law the angle may vary in function of the wiper position. For the conductive polymer technology, the resolution is consider as "infinite".

Equivalent noise resistance (wirewound potentiometers): quotient of the maximum peak voltage (read on an oscilloscope as specified in standards) measured at the output during wiper travel, and the constant DC voltage at the wiper.

Output smoothness (nonwirewound potentiometers): ratio expressed in percentage of the greatest variation between the output voltage (measured as specified by the standards) and the applied voltage on the input.

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Fig. 3 - Plastic Film potentiometer

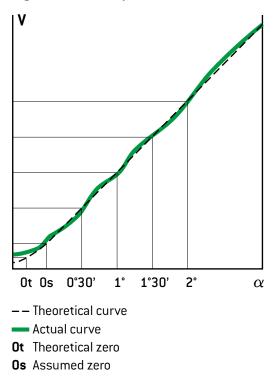
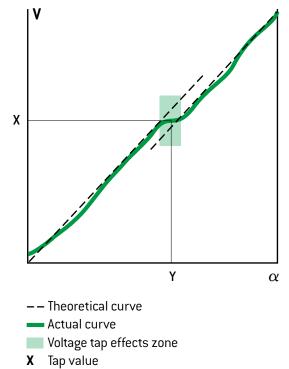


Fig. 4 - Voltage tap effects



Y Tap position

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EXXELIA ^{GROUP} standard production precision potentiometers are manufactured using the technology wirewound or conductive polymer (norm/virewound).

Conformity to standards is given for each type, but performance after endurance tests is always superior to the even most stringent specifications presently applicable.

The Following specific characteristics of each technology are proceeded, when applicable by one of the followings sign:

NOTE	CHARACTERISTIC
++	Extremely favourable characteristic
+	Favourable characteristic
	Normal characteristic
_	Less favourable characteristic

2. WIREWOUND TECHNOLOGY

The main characteristics of this standard technology are as follows:

+ Low resistance:

The Wirewound technique enables the production of components with low ohmic values (from 100 ohms).

Independent conformity:

In general for the linear function, the independent linearity is maintained when requested, at a value within a range linked to the geometric parameters of the potentiometer (between $\pm 0.5\%$ and 2% for size 05, between $\pm 0.05\%$ and 0.5% for sizes 20 or 30 for single turn potentiometers; between $\pm 0.01\%$ and $\pm 0.25\%$ for multi-turn potentiometers).

++ Contact resistance:

Very low. The metal to metal contact resistance is situated at a value of approximately 200 milliohms.

+ Output current:

Since the contact resistance is very low, the current travelling through the wiper is in large part determined by the wire diameter (lower as the resistance of the potentiometer is higher) and by the size of the potentiometer (10-30mA for a 10 000 ohms potentiometer from size 05 to size 30).

- Theoretical angular resolution:

The turns/degrees ratio indicates output voltage variation by values which are increasingly discrete as the number of turns increases, Resistance is thus higher (0.6 to 1.5 turns/degrees from size 05 to size 18 for a resistance of 100 ohms, 2.3 to 8.5 turns/degrees from size 05 to size 30 for a resistance of 10 kohms; most favorable cases where no turn is "bypassed").

- Equivalent noise resistance:

Voltage variations which appear during wiper travel from one turn to the next enable determination of the equivalent noise resistance (value set by standard at less than or equal to 25 ohms, may be decreased, for example, to less than or equal to 1 ohm for a 10 kohm potentiometer, size 18).

+ Temperature coefficient:

The potentiometer temperature coefficient strictly speaking is directly a function of the temperature coefficient of the wire used (less than or equal to 20 ppm/°C for average values).

- Performance versus frequency:

The input and output impedances depend on several parameters: coil length, wiper position, resistance value and type of case. The frequency range is limited (quadrature voltage: 0.1% for Rn 1 kohm, With F= 1 kHz, 2% for Rn 100 kohm, with F = 200 Hz).

Life:

The abrasion of the wire produced by the friction between the wiper and the coil has a detrimental effect on the linearity and increases the resistance value, particularly in the frequent case of travel limited to a small portion of the coil (specifications indicated for each type, average endurance at 40 rpm: 10⁵ shaft revolutions or 5.10⁵ movements). A life exceeding 1.10⁷ shaft revolutions may be obtained in certain specific cases. Specific studies upupon request.

3. CONDUCTIVE POLYMER TECHNOLOGY (NON-WIREWOUND)

The principal characteristics of this technology are summarized below.

+ Absolute conformity:

The conformity range linked to the geometric parameters of the potentiometer is more or less comparable to that of Wirewound potentiometers. However, the travel correction principle enables obtention of much superior precision.

- Contact resistance:

Higher than that of a wirewound potentiometer, it varies from tens to several hundred ohms (for example, 80 ohms for a 10 kohm size 18 potentiometer).

- Output current value:

To avoid heating by Joule effect at the contacts and resulting microdestruction of the conductive polymer path, the current flowing through the wiper, or output current, must be limited (milliampere value).

+ Almost infinite resolution:

Because of the perfectly polished nature of the surface of the conductor material with which the conductive polymer is doped (granulation measured in angstroms 1 Å - 10^{-10} m), resolution is practically infinite.

++ Output smoothness:

Linked to the proceeding characteristic, this parameter is related to the surface state, the homogeneity of the conductor and to the wiper design. It is expressed as a percent of the Total Applied Voltage. Operational performance better than the guaranteed value of 2.5 ± 0.025 % is obtained over the total electrical travel.

++ Low temperature perfornance:

A noteworthy advantage of this technology is that the output smoothness is maintained at very low temperatures $(-55^{\circ}C)$.

+ Temperature coefficient:

Depending upon the potentiometer value, the temperature coefficient is generally negative.

+ Performance versus frequency:

Parameters having an influence on the input and output impedances remain negligible due to the absence of a coil, for frequencies up to 100 kHz, whatever the potentiometer value and wiper position.

++ Life:

Conductive polymer potentiometers have a life superior to that of wirewound potentiometers, reaching 25.10⁶ shaft revolutions at 400 rpm, as long as usage conditions are followed (output current value).



7300 Series

SINGLE TURN PRECISION POTENTIOMETER





BUSHING mounting







Shocks/Vibrations resist

GENERAL DATA

High Performances

Up to 0.02%

470 Ω to 100 k Ω



The potentiometers **7300 models** are available from size 5 to 30. They can be composed of several cups (up to qty 12 - see

These Precision Potentiometers are manufactured and tested according to NFC 93265, NFC 93255 and MIL R 39023 standards. These models are available in Plastic film technology and wirewound technology. A hybrid model (wirewound element

covered with conductive polymer) is also available. For each technology, they can be either Servo or Bushing mounting.

PRESENTATION

High temperature

up to +155°C

table in the following pages).

ENVIRONM	IENTAL DATA
Operating temperature	Up to -55°C to +155°C
Storage temperature	–55°C to +155°C
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 500 Hz

Size	7305	7308	7309	7311	7313	7315	7318	7320	7330
Α	12.7 ¹	19.05	22.35	27.05	33.33	36.5	44.45	51	76.25
В	14	14	14	14	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5
Ls	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
D	8.5	5	5	5	10	10	10	10	10
d	3.175	3.175	3.175	3.175	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35
Е	-	1.6	1.6	1.6	2	2	2	2	2
F	10	13	13	14.5	17	20	22	26	42
G	-	1.6	1.6	1.6	2	2	2	2	2
Н	8	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
М	6x0.75	10x0.75							
R	-	8	9	12	14	14	20	20	35
Option 1	-	315°	320°	320°	330°	330°	340°	340°	350°

¹ Mechanical travel with stops

Summary of the options available are listed below:

Rear shaft - position stud - flats - mechanical stops, Sealed shaft - sealed fixing,

- Low torque wire outputs,
- Radiation strength EMI /RFI etc.
- High temperature (250°C and higher),

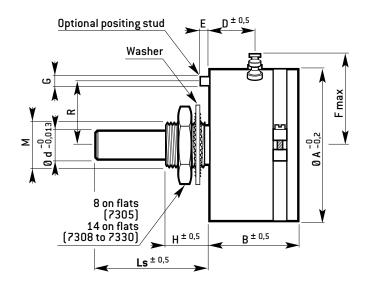
Absolute linearity up to 0.02% or 600 µrad (depending on size),

Other resistance value.

Contact our Sales Department for other options.

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

Linearity Nominal resistance



General tolerance ISO 2768 mk



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7300 Se

STANDARD PARAMETERS		Unit	7305	7308	7309	7311	7313	7315	7318	7320	7330
Size			5	8	9	11	13	15	18	20	30
Housing Diameter		(mm)	12.7	19.05	22.35	27.05	33.33	36.05	44.45	51	76.25
Nominal Resistance	В	(Ω)	100/22K	100/47K	100/47K	100/47K	100/47K	100/47K	100/47K	470/22M	470/22M
Nominal Resistance	Ρ	(Ω)	470/22K	1k/47K	1K/47K	1K/47K	1K/47K	1K/47K	1K/100K	1k/22M	1K/47M
Resistance Tolerance	В	(%)	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5
Resistance Tolerance	Ρ	(%)	± 10	± 10	± 10	± 10					
Independent Linearity		(%)	± 1	±0,5	±0,5	±0,5	±0,25	±0,25	±0,25	±0,25	±0,1
Wiper Current	В	(mA)	\leq 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10				
Wiper Current	Ρ	(mA)	≤ 1	≤ 1	≤ 1	≤1					
Rated dissipation @ 85°C	В	(W)	0,5	1	1	1,5	2	2,5	4	5	8
Rated dissipation @ 85°C	Ρ	(W)	0,5	0,75	0,75	1	1,5	2	3	4	6
Operating Temperature		(°C)					−55°C +155°C				
Dissip./Temp. ratio for Θ > 85°C	В	(W/°C)	-0,007	-0,014	-0,014	-0,021	-0,028	-0,036	-0,0357	-0,071	-0,114
Dissip./Temp. ratio for Θ > 85°C	Ρ	(W/°C)	-0,007	-0,011	-0,011	-0,014	-0,021	-0,028	-0,043	-0,057	-0,086
Insulation Resistance at 500V		(M Ω)	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)		(V)	750	750	750	750	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
Electrical Travel	В	(°)	345 ^{±3}	354±2	355±2	357±2	357±2	357±2	357±1	357±1	357±1
Electrical Travel	Ρ	(°)	340 ^{±3}	340 ^{±2}	340 ^{±2}	350 ^{±2}	350 ^{±2}	350 ^{±2}	350±1	350±1	350±1
Equivalent Noise Resistance	В	(Ω)	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25
Output Smoothness	Ρ	(%)	\leq 0.025	≤0.025	≤ 0.025	≤0.025	≤ 0.025	≤0.025	\leq 0.025	≤0.025	≤0.025
Lifetime	В	(cycles)				U	p to 1 000 00	0			
Lifetime	Ρ	(cycles)				Up	to 100 000 0	00			
Starting torque per cup	В	(Nm)	≤2 10-4	≤4 10-4	≤4 10-4	≤5 10-4	≤5 10-4	≤8 10-4	≤10 10-4	≤15 10-4	≤20 10-4
Starting torque per cup	Ρ	(Nm)	≤3 10-4	≤6 10-4	≤6 10-4	≤8 10-4	≤8 10-4	\leq 10 10 ⁻⁴	≤12 10-4	≤18 10-4	≤20 10-4
Number of intermediate taps per c	up		2 max.	5 max.	6 max.	6 max.	12 max.	12 max.	12 max.	12 max.	12 max.
Tap location tolerance	В	(°)	±3	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1	±0.5	±0.5	±0.5
Tap location tolerance	Ρ	(°)	±3	± 1	± 1	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1
Number of cups			2 max.	5 max.	6 max.	6 max.	12 max.	2 max.	12 max.	12 max.	12 max.
Unit approximate mass		(g)	10	12	13	18	25	28	50	70	85
Mass per additional cup		(g)	5	5	6	8	12	20	30	40	55

 $\mathsf{B}=\mathsf{Wirewound}\ \mathsf{technology}\ /\ \mathsf{P}=\mathsf{Conductive}\ \mathsf{Polymer}\ \mathsf{technology}$

	HOW TO ORDER									
Size	Tracks	Mounting	Nom. resistance in code (Ω)	Linearity in code (\pm %)	Electrical travel	Shaft length (Ls)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance		
73••	•	•	•••	•	•••	•••	••	•		
	В	В	100 to 47M	D	340 to 357	250	00	W		
	Р					TBD	01	Ν		

B: Wirewound	B : Bushing	100 : 100 Ω 47M : 47 MΩ	Z: ±0.025% A: ±0.05%	$F:\pm1\%$	340 : 340 ^{±3} 357 : 357 ^{±2}	250 : 25 mm Standard TBD :	00 : No option 01 : Option 1	W : RoHS compliant
P: Polymer		etc.	B : ±0.1% C : ±0.25%	G : ±2%	etc.	To Be Defined by the customer	etc.	N : Non compliant

* For options, please contact us.

7300 Series

SINGLE TURN PRECISION POTENTIOMETER





SERVO mounting







Shocks/Vibrations resist

GENERAL DATA

High Performances

Up to 0.02%

470 Ω to 100 k Ω



The potentiometers **7300 models** are available from size 5 to 30. They can be composed of several cups (up to qty 12 - see

These Precision Potentiometers are manufactured and tested according to NFC 93265, NFC 93255 and MIL R 39023 standards. These models are available in Plastic film technology and wirewound technology. A hybrid model (wirewound element

covered with conductive polymer) is also available. For each technology, they can be either Servo or Bushing mounting.

ENVIRONM	IENTAL DATA
Operating temperature	up to -55°C to +155°C
Storage temperature	–55°C to +155°C
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 500 Hz

Size	7305	7308	7309	7311	7313	7315	7318	7320	7330
Α	12,7 ²	19,05	22,35 ³	27,05 ³	33,33 ³	36,5 ³	44,45 ³	51 ³	76,25 ³
В	12	12	12	12	14	14	14	14	14
С	12,5	12,5	12,5	12,5	12,5	16or25	16or25	16or25	25
D	6,5	5	5	5	7	7	7	7	7
d	3,175	3,175	3,175	3,175	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35
E	9,525 ²	12,7²	19,05²	25,4²	30,16 ²	33,324²	39,674²	47,625**	73,02**
F	10	13	14,5	17	20	22	26	29	42
G	11.45	17,57	19,84	24,9	31	33,4	41,4	47,62	73,1
Н	1	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6
М	1,3	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,9	1,9	1,9	2,3
R	1,2	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	2,2
α	60°	30°	30°	30°	30°	30°	20°	20°	20°
201-0/	_0.08 (mm)	1	300-0/-	0.1 (mm)					

² 0 E –0 /–0,013 (mm) ³

PRESENTATION

High temperature

up to +155°C

table in the following pages).

³ 0 A – 0 / – 0,1 (mm) ³ 0 E – 0 / – 0,026 (mm)

Summary of the options available are listed below:

Rear shaft - position stud - flats - mechanical stops,

Sealed shaft - sealed fixing,

Low torque - wire outputs,

Radiation strength - EMI /RFI etc.

High temperature (250° C and higher),

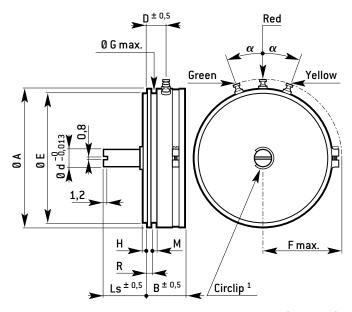
Absolute linearity up to 0.02% or 600 $\mu {\rm rad}$ (depending on size), 0ther resistance value.

Contact our Sales Department for other options.

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

Linearity

Nominal resistance



General tolerance ISO 2768 mk

¹ Circlip 0 4 max protusion 0,5 max (size 5 to 11) Circlip 0 8 max protusion 0,8 max (size 13 to 30)



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7300 Se

STANDARD PARAMETERS		Unit	7305	7308	7309	7311	7313	7315	7318	7320	7330
Size			5	8	9	11	13	15	18	20	30
Housing Diameter		(mm)	12.7	19.05	22.35	27.05	33.33	36.05	44.45	51	76.25
Nominal Resistance	В	(Ω)	100/22K	100/47K	100/47K	100/47K	100/47K	100/47K	100/47K	470/22M	470/22M
Nominal Resistance	Ρ	(Ω)	470/22K	1k/47K	1K/47K	1K/47K	1K/47K	1K/47K	1K/100K	1k/22M	1K/47M
Resistance Tolerance	В	(%)	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5
Resistance Tolerance	Ρ	(%)	± 10	±10	±10	± 10	±10	± 10	±10	±10	±10
Independent Linearity		(%)	± 1	±0,5	±0,5	±0,5	±0,25	±0,25	±0,25	±0,25	±0,1
Wiper Current	В	(mA)	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10	≤ 10
Wiper Current	Ρ	(mA)	≤ 1	≤1	≤1	≤1	≤1	≤1	≤ 1	≤1	≤1
Rated dissipation @ 85°C	В	(W)	0,5	1	1	1,5	2	2,5	4	5	8
Rated dissipation @ 85°C	Ρ	(W)	0,5	0,75	0,75	1	1,5	2	3	4	6
Operating Temperature		(°C)					–55°C +155°C				
Dissip./Temp. ratio for Θ > 85°C	В	(W/°C)	-0,007	-0,014	-0,014	-0,021	-0,028	-0,036	-0,0357	-0,071	-0,114
Dissip./Temp. ratio for Θ > 85°C	Ρ	(W/°C)	-0,007	-0,011	-0,011	-0,014	-0,021	-0,028	-0,043	-0,057	-0,086
Insulation Resistance at 500V		$(M\Omega)$	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000	>1 000
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)		(V)	750	750	750	750	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000
Electrical Travel	В	(°)	345 ^{±3}	354±2	355±2	357±2	357±2	357 ^{±2}	357±1	357±1	357±1
Electrical Travel	Ρ	(°)	340 ^{±3}	340 ^{±2}	340 ^{±2}	350±2	350±2	350±2	350±1	350±1	350±1
Equivalent Noise Resistance	В	(Ω)	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25	≤25
Output Smoothness	Ρ	(%)	\leq 0.025	≤0.025	≤0.025	≤0.025	≤0.025	\leq 0.025	≤0.025	≤0.025	≤ 0.025
Lifetime	В	(cycles)				ι	Jp to 500 000)			
Lifetime	Ρ	(cycles)				Up	o to 25 000 00	00			
Starting torque per cup	В	(Nm)	≤2 10-4	≤4 10-4	≤4 10-4	\leq 5 10 ⁻⁴	≤5 10-4	≤8 10-4	\leq 10 10 ⁻⁴	≤15 10-4	≤20 10-4
Starting torque per cup	Ρ	(Nm)	≤3 10-4	≤6 10-4	≤6 10-4	≤8 10-4	≤8 10-4	≤10 10-4	≤12 10-4	≤18 10-4	≤20 10-4
Number of intermediate taps per c	up		2 max.	5 max.	6 max.	6 max.	12 max.	12 max.	12 max.	12 max.	12 max.
Tap location tolerance	В	(°)	±3	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1	±0.5	±0.5	±0.5
Tap location tolerance	Ρ	(°)	±3	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1	±1
Number of cups			2 max.	5 max.	6 max.	6 max.	12 max.	2 max.	12 max.	12 max.	12 max.
Unit approximate mass		(g)	10	12	13	18	25	28	50	70	85
Mass per additional cup		(g)	5	5	6	8	12	20	30	40	55

 $\mathsf{B}=\mathsf{Wirewound}\ \mathsf{technology}\ /\ \mathsf{P}=\mathsf{Conductive}\ \mathsf{Polymer}\ \mathsf{technology}$

HOW TO ORDER									
Size	Tracks	Mounting	Nom. resistance in code (Ω)	Linearity in code (\pm %)	Electrical travel	Shaft length (Ls)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance	
73••	•	•	•••	•	•••	•••	••	•	
	В	S	100 to 47M	D	340 to 357	250	00	W	
	Р					TBD	01	Ν	

B: Wirewound	S : Servo	100 : 100 Ω 47Μ : 47 ΜΩ	Z : ±0.025% A : ±0.05%	$F:\pm 1\%$	340 : 340 ^{±3} 357 : 357 ^{±2}	250 : 25 mm Standard TBD :	00 : No option 01 : Option 1	W : RoHS compliant
P : Polymer		etc.	B : ±0.1% C : ±0.25%	G : ±2%	etc.	To Be Defined by the customer	etc.	N : Non compliant

* For options, please contact us.

SINGLE TURN/PANCAKE





PRESENTATION

The rotary potentiometer **C0104** is provided with a bearingless design. This pancake interface, combined with its small size (010 mm), make the **C0104** particularly adapted to applications such as micro-robotics, avionics or measurement devices.

This model offers a wide range of options: mechanical interface, connections, precision, effective electrical travel...



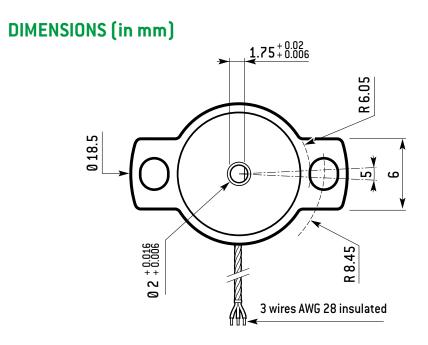


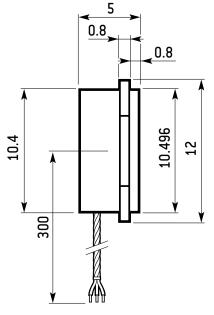
High temperature up to +125°C



ENVIRONMENTAL DATA Operating temperature -55°C to +125°C Storage temperature -55°C to +125°C Protection index IP40

OPTIONS	
Other electrical travel	•
Other resistance	•
Other Linearity	•
Medium tap	•
Other mechanical interface	•
Shielded wires	•









STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA					
Rated resistance	1 kΩ				
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	\pm 10 %				
Independent Linearity (other values upupon request)	\pm 1%				
Temperature cœfficient	−200 ^{± 200} x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C				
Output smoothness	< 0,1%				
Insulation resistance at 500 V	\geq 1 000 M Ω				
Voltage supply	0 to 10 V				

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS					

	HOW TO ORDER						
	Nominal resistanceLinearityElectricalOption*RoHS(in code)in code (±%)travel (°)in codecompliance						
C0104	•••	•	•••	••	•		
	470	Z	020	00	W		
	to	to	to	01	Ν		
	10M	F	170	02			
	10M	F	170	02			

470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 M Ω etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	020 : 20° 170 : 170° etc.	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



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SINGLE TURN - CONDUCTIVE POLYMER PRECISION POTENTIOMETER







The potentiometer **C1504** is derived from our miniature **C0104** sensor. This potentiometer is equipped with ball bearing allowing better performance and higher accuracy.

The **C1504** potentiometer is adapted to hard environments such as defense, aeronautics...

Its design allows a wide range of customizations: IP 64 sealing/ 20 000g shock / \ldots



High

Performances



Miniaturization

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA						
–55°C to +85°C						
–55°C to +85°C						
IP 40						
20 g (10 @ 2 kHz)						
15 g						

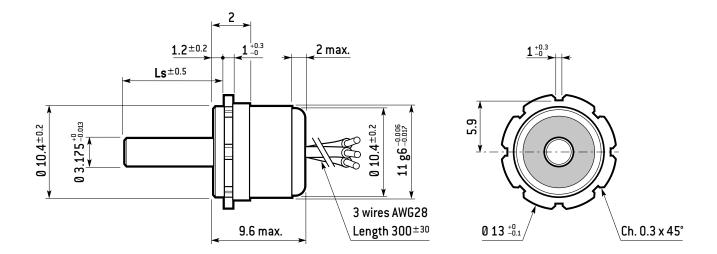
Shocks/Vibrations

resist

OPTIONS	
Other electrical travel	•
Other resistance	•
Other Linearity	•

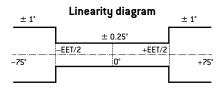
For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)





STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA					
Nominal resistance	10 k Ω				
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	\pm 10 %				
Linearity centred on the EET	$\pm 0.25\%$ (See diagram)				
linearity on remaining travel	\pm 1%				
Insulation resistance	$>$ 100 M Ω				
Withstand voltage (50 Hz - 1 mn)	100 V				
Wiper current	\leq 1 mA				
Power rating	0.2 W				



MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Effective electrical travel (EET)	Up to \pm 70°
Total electrical travel (TET)	±75°
Mechanical travel (MT)	$\pm 180^{\circ}$
Operating speed	≤ 600 rpm
Starting torque	\leq 10 ⁻³ N.m
Weight (without wires)	\leq 10 g

HOW TO ORDER						
	Nominal resistance (in code)	Linearity in code (\pm %)	Electrical travel (°)	Shaft length (Ls)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance
C1504	•••	•	•••	•••	••	•
	470	Z	020	115	00	W
	to	to	to	TBD	01	Ν
	10M	F	170		02	

470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	020 : 20° 170 : 170° etc.	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



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SINGLE ELEMENT ROTARY - SIZE 05 PRECISION POTENTIOMETER









up to +125°C



PRESENTATION

precious metal wipers.

wires, 250 mm length.

standards.

Low profile

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA						
Operating temperature • Bearing	–25°C to +85°C					
Ball bearing	–55°C to +125°C					
Sealing	IP50					

OPTIONS						
	Bushing mounting	Servo mounting				
Shaft Ø 3,175 different length	•	•				
Antirotation stud	•					
Mech. stops 330° and positioning	•					
Medium tap	•	•				
Sealed shaft (IP 54)	•					
Sealed mounting (IP 68)	•					

The C9405 conductive polymer potentiometer is manufactured and tested according to NF C 93255 and MIL PRF 39023

The housing is made of aluminum, stainless steel shaft and

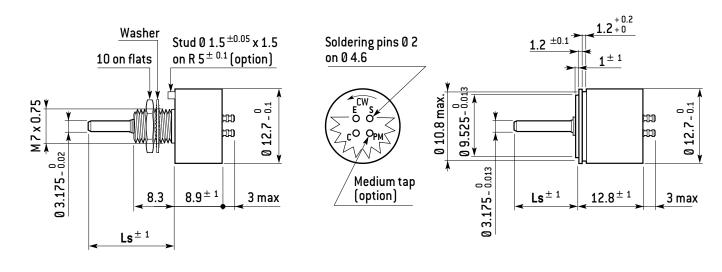
C9405 terminals are brass soldering pins, located on the rear of housing. These terminals can be replaced with AWG 30 flexible

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

C9405 B Model - Bushing mounting

C9405 S Model - Servo mounting







STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA						
Nominal resistance	$10 \mathrm{k}\Omega$					
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	\pm 10 %					
Independent Linearity	±0.5 %					
Maximal dissipation at 70°C	0.5 W					
Temperature cœfficient	-200 ^{± 200} x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C					
Wiper current	$\leq 1 \text{ mA}$					
Insulation resistance at 500 V	\geq 1 000 M Ω					
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)	500 V					
Ratio residual voltage/applied voltage	\leq 0,5 %					

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Size	05					
Housing diameter	12.7 mm max.					
Effective electrical travel	Up to 330°±3					
Starting torque • Bearings • Ball bearings	\leq 5 x 10 ⁻³ N.m \leq 10 ⁻³ N.m					
Torque on bushing	\leq 1 N.m					
Approximate mass	\leq 10 g					
Lifetime • Bearings • Ball bearings	10 x 10 ⁶ tr 50 x 10 ⁶ tr					
Rotation speed	≤600 tr/mn					

HOW TO ORDER							
	Mounting	Nominal resis- tance (in code)	Linearity in code $(\pm\%)$	Electrical travel (°)	Shaft length (Ls)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance
C9405	•	•••	•	•••	•••	••	•
	В	470	Z	020	125	00	W
	S	to	to	to	TBD	01	Ν
		10M	F	340		02	

470: 470 Ω B: Bushing 1K0: 1 000 Ω S: Servo 4K7: 4 700 Ω 10M: 10 MΩ etc.	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Z:} \pm 0.025\% \\ \textbf{A:} \pm 0.05\% \\ \textbf{B:} \pm 0.1\% \\ \textbf{C:} \pm 0.25\% \\ \textbf{D:} \pm 0.5\% \\ \textbf{F:} \pm 1\% \end{array}$	020 : 20° 340 : 340° etc.	125 : 12.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



SINGLE ELEMENT ROTARY - SIZE 09 PRECISION POTENTIOMETER



High Performances

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA						
Operating temperature	-55°C to +125°C					
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz					
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.					

PRESENTATION

The C9209 plastic potentiometer is manufactured and tested according to NF C 93255 and MIL R 39023 standards.

The housing is made of anodized aluminum, shaft of stainless steel and wipers of precious metal alloy.

C9209 terminals are brass soldering pins, located in the rear of housing. These terminals can also be replaced with AWG 26 flexible wires, 250 mm length.

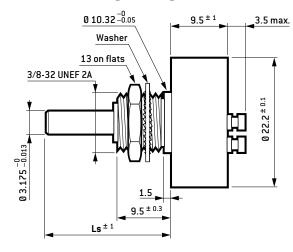


OPTIONS							
	Bushing m	nounting	Servo mounting				
	Ball bearings	Bearings	Ball bearings	Bearings			
Threaded holes			•	•			
Shaft Ø 3.175 - diff. length			•	•			
Positioning stud	•	•					
Mechanical stops 340°	•	•					
Medium tap	•	•	•	•			
Sealed shaft (IP54)		•					
Sealed mounting (IP68)	•	•					

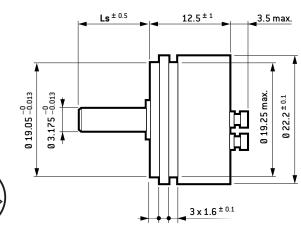
For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

C9209 B Model - Bushing mounting



C9209 S Model - Servo mounting







STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA						
Nominal resistance	10 k Ω					
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	\pm 20 %					
Independent Linearity	±0.5 %					
Maximal dissipation at 70°C	1 W					
Temperature cœfficient	-200 ^{± 200} x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C					
Output smoothness	≤ 0,05 %					
Wiper current	$\leq 1 \text{ mA}$					
Insulation resistance at 500 V	\geq 1 000 M Ω					
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)	500 V					
Ratio residual voltage/applied voltage	≤ 0,5 %					

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Size	09					
Housing diameter	22.3 mm max.					
Effective electrical travel	Up to 340°±3					
Starting torque • Bearings • Ball bearings	\leq 5 x 10 ⁻³ N.m \leq 10 ⁻³ N.m					
Torque on stop	≤ 0.5 N.m					
Torque on bushing	\leq 2.5 N.m					
Approximate mass	13 g					
Lifetime	\geq 20 x 10 ⁶ tr					
Rotation speed • Bearings • Ball bearings	\leq 150 tr/mn \leq 600 tr/mn					

HOW TO ORDER							
	Nominal resis- Linearity Electrical Shaft length Option* RoHS Mounting tance in code (±%) travel (°) (Ls) in code compliance (in code)						
C9209	•	•••	•	•••	•••	••	•
	В	470	Z	020	115	00	W
	S	to	to	to	TBD	01	Ν
		10M	F	340		02	

B : Bushing S : Servo	470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	020 : 20° 340 : 340° etc.	115 : 11.5 mm Standard TBD : To Be Defined by the customer	00: No option 01: Option 1 02: Option 2 etc.	W: RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.







PRESENTATION

The rotary potentiometer **C1509** is provided with a bearingless design. This pancake interface, combined with its small size, make the **C1509** particularly adapted to applications such as micro-robotics, avionics or measurement devices.

This model offers a wide range of options: mechanical interface, connections, precision, effective electrical travel...



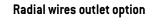
Low profi	e

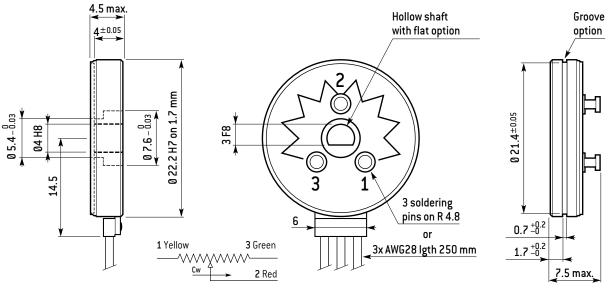
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA			
Operating temperature	–55°C to +70°C		
Storage temperature	–45°C to +80°C		
Vibrations (sine 3 axis, 1.5 mm, 10 @ 2 kHz)	20g		
Shocks (1/2 sine, 3 axis, 11 ms)	50 g		

MATERIALS		
Body and shaft	aluminum alloy + anodic oxydation	
Bearing	Bearingless (pancake type sensor)	

Soldering pin option

DIMENSIONS (in mm)





STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA		
Nominal resistance	$5.1\mathrm{k}\Omega$	
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	\pm 10 %	
Independent linearity	±0.5 %	
Output smoothness	≤ 0.05%	
Insulation resistance (500 V_{DC})	$> 1 \ { m G} \Omega$	
Whistand voltage	500 V _{AC} 50 Hz 1 mn	
Backlash with 5 V *	$\leq 4mv (0.048^{\circ})^{**}$	
Rated dissipation at 70°C	1 W	
Wiper current	1 mA max.	

* If mounting conditions are respected and not including the mechanical play on the customer installation. ** Tested according to MIL-PRF-39023 except

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS		
Effective electrical travel (EET)	Up to 60°	
Mechanical travel (MT)	360°	
Starting torque	\leq 0.1 N.cm **	
Axial mounting load	5 N max.	

** Tested according to MIL-PRF-39023 except

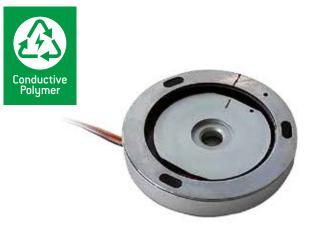
	HOW TO ORDER				
Nominal resistanceLinearityElectricalOption*RoHS(in code)in code (±%)travel (°)in codecompliance					
C1509	•••	•	•••	••	•
	470	Z	020	00	W
	to	to	to	01	Ν
	10M	F	340	02	

470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	020 : 20° 340 : 340° etc.	00: No option 01: Option 1 02: Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



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PRESENTATION

The rotary potentiometer **C1516** is provided with a bearingless design. This pancake interface, combined with its small size, make the **C1516** particularly adapted to applications such as micro-robotics, avionics or measurement devices.

This model offers a wide range of options: mechanical interface, connections, precision, effective electrical travel...

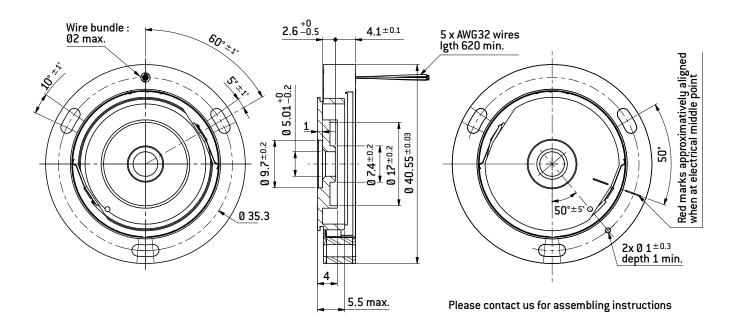




ENVIRONMENTAL DATA			
Operating temperature	-40°C to +85°C		
Storage temperature -45°C to +85°C			
Humidity	5% - 95% (non condensing)		
Vibrations (random, 5 @ 2 kHz)	0.01 g²/Hz		
Shocks (18 ms, 1/2 sine)	180 g		

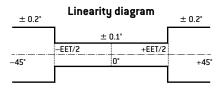
	MATERIALS
Structure	Aluminum
Rings	Stainless steel

DIMENSIONS (in mm)





STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA		
Absolute linearity on EET	See diagram	
Voltage gradient on EET	$0.2 \text{ V/}^{\circ} \pm 0.2\%$	
Backlash	≤ 0.02°	
Power supply	\pm 10 V \pm 0.02 V	
Wiper current	1 mA max.	
Insulation resistance (200 V_{DC})	\geq 1 G Ω	
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)	200 V _{AC}	
Output smoothness	≤0.025%	



MECHANICAL CHA	RACTERISTICS
Effective electrical travel (EET)	Up to $\pm 45^{\circ}$ min.
Total electrical travel (TET)	$\pm 50^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
Rotating torque	< 0.56 mN.m
Weight	< 15 g

HOW TO ORDER				
Nominal resistanceLinearityElectricalOption*RoHS(in code)in code (±%)travel (°)in codecompliance				
•••	•	•••	••	•
470	Z	020	00	W
to	to	to	01	Ν
10M	F	100	02	
	(in code) ••• 470 to	Nominal resistance (in code)Linearity in code (±%)••••470Ztoto	Nominal resistance (in code)Linearity in code (±%)Electrical travel (°)•••••••470Z020tototo	Nominal resistance (in code)Linearity in code (±%)Electrical travel (°)Option* in code•••••••••470Z02000tototo01

470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	020: 20° 100: 100° etc.	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



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M1505

MULTITURN - CONDUCTIVE POLYMER PRECISION POTENTIOMETER



PRESENTATION

The M1505 precision potentiometer is manufactured and tested according to NF C 93255 and MIL PRF 39023 standards.

The housing is made of anodized aluminum and brass/Zn, shaft of stainless steel shaft and precious metal multifinger wipers.

M1505 model is supplied with AWG 26 flexible wires, length 250 mm. It can be equipped with return or extension spring upupon request (see options).



High temperature up to +125°C



Miniaturization

ENVIRONMEI	NTAL DATA
Operating temperature	-45°C to +125°C
Storage temperature	–45°C to +125°C
Sealing	IP 50
Life time	5.10 ⁶ turns

Other electrical travel • Other resistance •	
Other resistance •	
Other Linearity •	

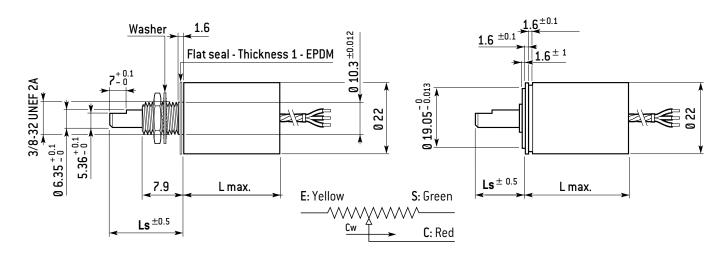
For other specifications, please contact us

Sealed against Nitrogen (300 mbar) with flat seal.

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

R1505 B Model - Bushing mounting

R1505 S Model - Servo mounting





ST	ANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA
Nominal resistance	20 k Ω^{\pm 20%
Independent Linearity	±0.25 %
Output smoothness	\leq 0.1%
Wiper current	\leq 1 mA
Insulation resistance at 500 V	\geq 1 G Ω
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)	500 V _{AC}
Power rating at 70°C	1 W
Residual voltage	\leq 0.5 %
Supply voltage	0 - 12 V

MECHANICAL CH	ARACTERISTICS
Electrical Travel (10 turns)	3600°
Max. torque on end stops	40 N.cm
Mass without wires	< 60 g

			HOW	TO ORDER			
	Mounting	Nominal resis- tance (in code)	Linearity in code $(\pm\%)$	Electrical travel (°)	Shaft length (Ls)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance
M1505	•	•••	•	•••	•••	••	•
	В	470	Z	3600	125	00	W
	S	to	to		TBD	01	Ν
		10M	F			02	

	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	3K6 : 3600° etc.	125: 12.5 mm Standard TBD: To Be Defined by the customer	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.





PRESENTATION

The R9503 precision potentiometer is manufactured and tested according to NF C 93255 and MIL PRF 39023 standards.

The housing is made of anodized aluminum, shaft of stainless steel and wipers of precious metal.

R9503 model is supplied with AWG 28 flexible wires, length 200 mm.





Miniaturization

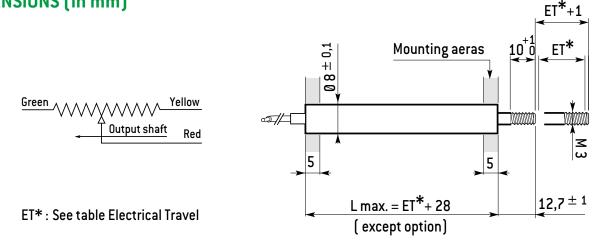
_ DATA
–25°C to +125°C
IP 50

RESISTANCE	ELECTRICAL TRAVEL (mm)		
(Ω)	10	25	50
1 000	•	•	
2 200	•	•	•
4 700	•	•	•
10 000	•	•	•
L max.	Electrical Travel +28 mm		

OPTIONS	
Other electrical travel	•
Other resistance	•
Other Linearity	•
4 poles connector output	•

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)







STA	NDARD ELECTRICAL DATA
Nominal resistance	4.7 k Ω
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	\pm 10 %
Independent Linearity	±0.5 %
Maximal dissipation at 70°C	0.05 W
Temperature cœfficient	−200 ^{± 200} x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C
Output smoothness	≤0.1%
	\leq 1 mA
Insulation resistance at 500 V	\geq 1 000 M Ω
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)	500 V
Ratio residual voltage/applied voltage	≤ 0,5 %

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Housing diameter	8.1 mm max.
Effective electrical travel (ET)	See table
Starting force	< 0.5 N
Mass	According to ET and options
Lifetime (travels)	> 25 x 10 ⁶
 Displacement speed	\leq 1 m/s

	HOW TO ORDER				
	Nominal resistance (in code)	Linearity in code (\pm %)	Electrical travel (mm)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance
R9503	•••	•	•••	••	•
	470	Z	010	00	W
	to	to	to	01	Ν
	10M	F	050	02	

470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	010 : 10 mm 050 : 50 mm etc.	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



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Tel : + 33 (0)1 49 23 10 00

RECTILINEAR - CONDUCTIVE POLYMER PRECISION POTENTIOMETER



PRESENTATION

The **R1504** precision potentiometer is manufactured and tested according to **NF C 93255** and **MIL PRF 39023** standards.

The housing is made of anodized aluminum, stainless steel shaft and precious metal wipers.

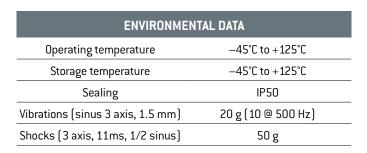
R1504 model is supplied with 3 x AWG 26 shielding wires, length 400 mm min. (60 mm min. from sleeve).

Dedicated to defense applications : weapons, etc.



Shocks/Vibrations resist

High Performances







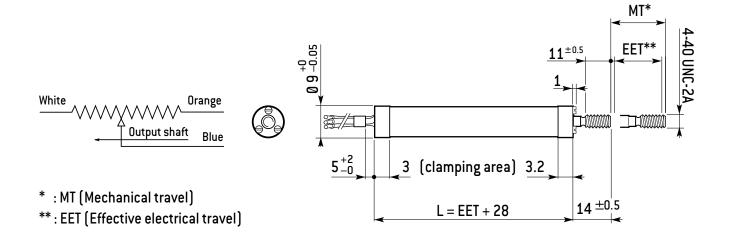
High temperature up to +125°C

Low profile

OPTIONS	
Other electrical travel	•
Other resistance	•
Other Linearity	•

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)





RECTILINEAR - CONDUCTIVE POLYMER PRECISION POTENTIOMETER

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA			
Nominal resistance	$10\mathrm{k}\Omega$		
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	\pm 10 %		
Independent Linearity on EET	\leq \pm 0.1 %		
Output smoothness	\le 0.1%		
Max. wiper current	\leq 1 mA		
Insulation resistance at 500 V	> 1 G Ω		
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)	500 V _{AC}		
Wires (acc. to M27500-26SB3T23)	3 x AWG26, lgth 400 mm min.		

MECHANICAL CHA	RACTERISTICS
Effective electrical travel (EET)	Up to 150 mm
Total electrical travel (TET)	TET = EET + 2 mm
Mechanical travel (MT)	MT = EET + 3 mm
Starting force	< 0.5 N
Maximum speed	\leq 1 m/s
Max shaft angular play *	\pm 0.3°
Maximum clamping force	10 N
Lifetime	> 25 x 10 ⁶ cycles

st Max angular play to be respected by the customer at the installation

HOW TO ORDER					
	Nominal resistance (in code)	Linearity in code (\pm %)	Electrical travel (mm)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance
R1504	•••	•	•••	••	•
	470	Z	10	00	W
	to	to	to	01	Ν
	10M	F	150	02	

470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	10 : 10 mm 150 : 150 mm etc.	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



RECTILINEAR - WIREWOUND PRECISION POTENTIOMETER



PRESENTATION

The R1604 precision potentiometer is manufactured and tested according to NF C 93255 and MIL PRF 39023 standards.

The housing is made of anodized aluminum, stainless steel shaft and precious metal wipers.

R1604 model is supplied with 3 x AWG 26 shielding wires, length 305 mm min. (60 mm min. from sleeve).

Dedicated to Oil & Gas market.



High temperature

up to +150°C



Low profile

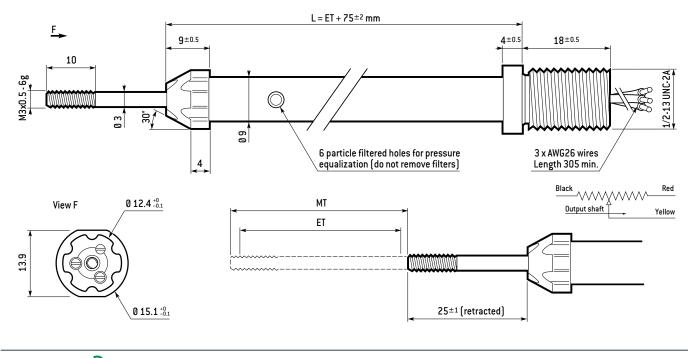
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA		
Operating temperature	-40°C to +150°C	
Storage temperature	–55°C to +75°C	
In NYCO FH4720 oil or equivalent, hudrostatic pressure 30 kPsi.		

Comment: temperature (+150°C) and pressure effects (30 kPsi) are linked.

OPTIONS	
Other electrical travel	•
Other resistance	•
Other Linearity	•

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)



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RECTILINEAR - WIREWOUND PRECISION POTENTIOMETER

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA			
Nominal resistance	20.6 kΩ		
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	± 5 %		
Independent Linearity	\pm 0.5 %		
Insulation resistance (100 V _{DC})	\geq 100 M Ω		
Dielectric strength (50 Hz - 1 mn)	500 V		
Insulation resistance at 500 V	$>$ 1 G Ω		
Max. dissipation in oil at +150 °C	0.2 W		
Wiper current	1 mA max.		

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Mechanical operating stroke (MT)	MT = ET + 5mm		
Electrical travel (ET)	From 100 mm to $525^{\pm 1}$ mm		
Max. operating speed	50 mm/s		
Max. radial force retracted	1 N		
Max. force on end stops	10 N		
Max. strength on wires	10 N		
Maximum clamping force	10 N		
Lifetime (10 mm/s) at 25°C	1 x 10 ⁶ cycles		

HOW TO ORDER							
	Nominal resistance (in code)	Linearity in code (±%)	Electrical travel (mm)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance		
R1604	•••	•	•••	••	•		
	470	Z	100	00	W		
	to	to	to	01	Ν		
	10M	F	525	02			

470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	100 : 100 mm 525 : 525 mm etc.	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



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PRESENTATION

The **R9405** precision potentiometer is manufactured and tested according to NF C 93255 and MIL PRF 39023 standards.

The housing is made of anodized aluminum or inox, stainless steel shaft and precious metal wipers. **R 9405** model is supplied with AWG 26 flexible wires, length 400 mm. It can be equipped with return or extension spring upupon request (see options).



resist



High

Performances

High temperature

up to +125°C



High IP Class up to IP68

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA				
Operating temperature	-55°C to +125°C			
Sealing	IP 50			

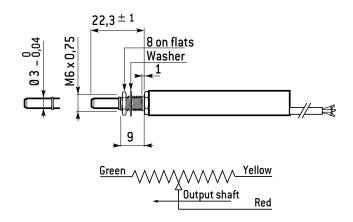
RESISTANCE	ELECTRICAL TRAVEL (mm)				
(Ω)	10	25	50	75	100
1 000	•	•			
2 200	•	•	•		
4 700	•	•	•	•	•
10 000	•	•	•	•	•
L max.	Electrical Travel + 42 mm				

OPTIONS						
	Bushing	Servo				
Other electrical travel	•	•				
Other resistance	•	•				
Other Linearity	•	•				
Medium tap	•	•				
Integrated output 4-20 mA	•	•				
Output cable gland + cable	•	•				
Output 4 poles M 12 locking plug	•	•				
IP68	•	•				
Return or extension spring	•	•				
E 41 - 16 - 4 - 4						

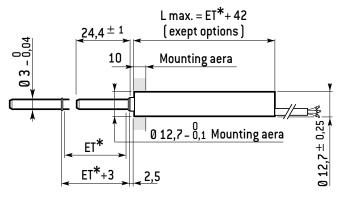
For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

R9405 B Model - Bushing mounting



R9405 S Model - Servo mounting



*ET : See table Electrical Travel





STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA					
Nominal resistance	4.7 kΩ				
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	\pm 10 %				
Independent Linearity	±0.5 %				
Maximal dissipation at 70°C	0.05 W				
Temperature cœfficient	-200^{\pm} 200 x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C				
Output smoothness	≤0.1%				
Wiper current	$\leq 1 \text{ mA}$				
Insulation resistance at 500 V	\geq 1 000 M Ω				
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)	500 V				
Ratio residual voltage/applied voltage	≤ 0,5 %				

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Housing diameter	12.95 mm max.
Effective electrical travel (ET)	See table
Starting force	< 0.5 N
Torque on bushing	≤ 2,5 N.m
Mass	According to ET and options
Lifetime (travels)	> 25 x 10 ⁶
Displacement speed	\leq 1 m/s
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 500 Hz
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.

HOW TO ORDER									
	Mounting	Nominal resistance (in code)	Linearity in code (±%)	Electrical travel (mm)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance			
R9405	•	•••	•	•••	••	•			
	В	470	Z	010	00	W			
	S	to	to	to	01	Ν			
		10M	F	100	02				

B : Bushing S : Servo	470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	010 : 10 mm 100 : 100 mm etc.	00: No option 01: Option 1 02: Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



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RECTILINEAR - CONDUCTIVE POLYMER PRECISION POTENTIOMETER



PRESENTATION

The **R9306** precision potentiometer is manufactured and tested according to **NF C 9325**5 and **MIL PRF 3902**3 standards.

The housing is made of anodized aluminum or inox, stainless steel shaft and precious metal wipers. **R9306** model is supplied with AWG 26 flexible wires, length 400 mm. It can be equipped with return or extension spring upupon request (see options).



ENVIRONME	ENTAL DATA
Operating temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Sealing	IP 50

RESISTANCE	ELECTRICAL TRAVEL (mm				
(Ω)	100	200	250	300	350
4 700	•				
10 000	•	•	•		
22 000		•	•	•	•

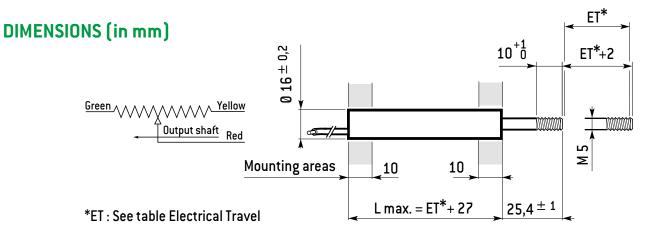
L max.

Electrical Travel + 27 mm



OPTIONS	
Other electrical travel	•
Other resistance	•
Other Linearity	•
Medium tap	•
Return or extension spring	•

For other specifications, please contact us





STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA				
Nominal resistance	4.7 k Ω			
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	\pm 10 %			
Independent Linearity	±0.5 %			
Maximal dissipation at 70°C	0.05 W			
Temperature cœfficient	-200 ^{± 200} x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C			
Output smoothness	≤0.1%			
Wiper current	$\leq 1 \text{ mA}$			
Insulation resistance at 500 V	\geq 1 000 M Ω			
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)	500 V			
Ratio residual voltage/applied voltage	\leq 0,5 %			

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Housing diameter	16.2 mm max.
Effective electrical travel (ET)	See table
Starting force	< 2 N
Mass	According to ET and options
 Lifetime (travels)	> 25 x 10 ⁶
Displacement speed $\leq 1 \text{ m/s}$	

HOW TO ORDER							
	Nominal resistanceLinearityElectricalOption*RoHS(in code)in code (±%)travel (mm)in codecompliance						
R9306	•••	•	•••	••	•		
	470	Z	100	00	W		
	to	to	to	01	Ν		
	10M	F	350	02			

470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	100 : 100 mm 350 : 350 mm etc.	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



RECTILINEAR - CONDUCTIVE POLYMER PRECISION POTENTIOMETER



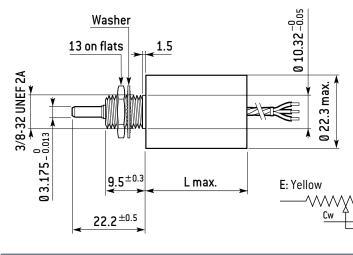
High Performances

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA				
Operating temperature -55°C to +125°C				
Vibrations	20 g, 1.5 mm, 10 Hz to 2 kHz			
Shocks	50 g, ¹ / ₂ sine, 11 ms.			

RESISTANCE	ELECTRICAL TRAVEL (mm)					
(Ω)	10	20	50	100		
1000	•	•	•			
2200	•	•	•	•		
4700	•	•	•	•		
10000	•	•	•	•		
Bushing L (mm)	33	43	73	123		
Servo L (mm)	36	46	76	126		

DIMENSIONS (in mm)

R9209 B Model - Bushing mounting



PRESENTATION

The R9209 precision potentiometer is manufactured and tested according to NF C 93255 and MIL PRF 39023 standards.

The housing is made of anodized aluminum and brass/Zn, stainless steel shaft and precious metal multifinger wipers.

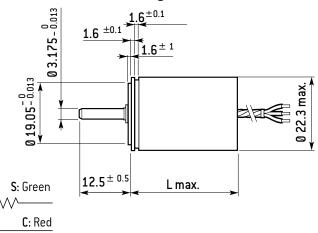
R9209 model is supplied with AWG 26 flexible wires, length 250 mm. It can be equipped either return or extension spring upon request (see options).



OPTIONS						
	Bushing	Servo				
Threaded holes	•					
Shaft Ø 3,175 - different length	•	•				
Sealed shaft (IP54)		•				
Medium tap	•	•				
Other Resistance	•	•				
Other Linearity	•	•				
Potentiometer + switch	•	•				
Output 4-20 mA 2 wires	•	•				
Threaded shaft M 3 x 10	•	•				
Other electrical travel	•	•				
Ball on shaft's extremity	•	•				
Carbide touch head	•	•				
Return or extension spring	•	•				

For other specifications, please contact us

R9209 S Model - Servo mounting







STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA					
Nominal resistance $10 \mathrm{k}\Omega$					
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	± 20 %				
Independent Linearity	±1%				
Maximal dissipation at 70°C	0.05 W				
Temperature cœfficient	-200^{\pm} ²⁰⁰ x 10 ⁻⁶ /°C				
Output smoothness	≤ 0.1%				
Wiper current	\leq 1 mA				
Insulation resistance at 500 V	\geq 1 000 M Ω				
Withstand voltage (50 Hz, 1 mn)	500 V				
Ratio residual voltage/applied voltage	\leq 0,5 %				

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS					
Size 09					
Housing diameter	22.3 mm max.				
Starting force	\leq 2 N				
Torque on bushing	\leq 2.5 N.m				
Torque on bushing	\leq 1 N.m				
Number of elements	2 max.				
Lifetime (travels)	\geq 10 x 10 ⁶				
Displacement speed	\leq 1 m/s				

HOW TO ORDER						
Mominal resistanceLinearityElectricalOption*RoHSMounting(in code)in code (±%)travel (mm)in codecompliance						
R9405	•	•••	•	•••	••	•
	В	470	Z	010	00	W
	S	to	to	to	01	Ν
		10M	F	100	02	

470: 470 £ B: Bushing 1K0: 1 000 S: Servo 10M: 10 MS etc. 10	Ω A : ±0.05% Ω B : ±0.1% Ω C : ±0.25%	010 : 10 mm 100 : 100 mm etc.	00: No option 01: Option 1 02: Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



RECTILINEAR - WIREWOUND PRECISION POTENTIOMETER



PRESENTATION

The housing of **R1505** precision potentiometer is made of anodized aluminum, stainless steel shaft and precious metal wipers.

R1505 model is supplied with 3 x AWG 26 shielding wires, length 305 mm min. (60 mm min. from sleeve).

Dedicated to Oil & Gas market.





High temperature up to +260°C



Low profile

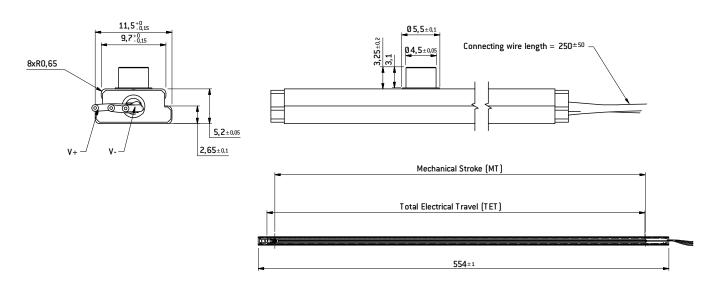
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA			
Operating temperature	-40°C to +260°C		
Storage temperature	–55°C to +75°C		
Sealing	IP00		

In NYCO FH4720 oil or equivalent, hydrostatic pressure 30 kPsi.

OPTIONS	
Other electrical travel	•
Other resistance	•
Other Linearity	•

For other specifications, please contact us

DIMENSIONS (in mm)



RECTILINEAR - WIREWOUND PRECISION POTENTIOMETER

STANDARD ELECTRICAL DATA			
Nominal resistance	20.6 kΩ		
Resistance tolerance (Rn) at 20°C	± 5 %		
Independent Linearity	\pm 0.5 %		
Insulation resistance (100 V_{DC})	\geq 100 M Ω		
Dielectric strength (50 Hz - 1 mn)	500 V		
Insulation resistance at 500 V	$>$ 1 G Ω		
Max. dissipation in oil at +150 °C	0.2 W		
Wiper current	1 mA max.		

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Mechanical operating stroke (MT) MT = ET + 5mm			
Electrical travel (ET) From 100 mm to 525 ^{±1} mm			
Max. operating speed	50 mm/s		
Max. radial force retracted	1 N		
Max. force on end stops	10 N		
Max. strength on wires	10 N		
Maximum clamping force	10 N		
Lifetime (10 mm/s) at 25°C	1 x 10 ⁶ cycles		

HOW TO ORDER					
	Nominal resistance (in code)	Linearity in code (\pm %)	Electrical travel (mm)	Option* in code	RoHS compliance
R1505	•••	•	•••	••	•
	470	Z	100	00	W
	to	to	to	01	Ν
	10M	F	525	02	

470 : 470 Ω 1K0 : 1 000 Ω 4K7 : 4 700 Ω 10M : 10 MΩ etc.	Z: $\pm 0.025\%$ A: $\pm 0.05\%$ B: $\pm 0.1\%$ C: $\pm 0.25\%$ D: $\pm 0.5\%$ F: $\pm 1\%$	100 : 100 mm 525 : 525 mm etc.	00 : No option 01 : Option 1 02 : Option 2 etc.	W : RoHS compliant N : Non compliant
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* For options, please contact us.



Tel : + 33 (0)1 49 23 10 00

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Slip rings & Rotary Joints general informations

Slip rings and Rotary joints enable signals and/or power to be transmitted from a fixed part (stator) to a mobile part (rotor).

The Electromechanical Solutions Strategic Business Unit at **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} constantly endeavors to raise performance levels through innovation, and develops high-frequency contact Slip rings (>1 GHz), offering signal transmission capability for new video formats such as HD SDI and 3G SDI and Gigabit Ethernet.

Applications:

Aeronautics, Defense, Oil exploration, Medical, Space, Telecommunications

SLIP RINGS

Slip rings transmit information via electric contacts (brushes rubbing against tracks). For over 40 years, the CSA Business Unit at **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} has developed a wide range of Slip rings available in different versions:

- standard interface,
- hollow shaft interface,
- pancake (monobloc rotor and stator without bearings, rotor guidance being left to the customer),
- rotor and stator sold separately.

EXXELIA GROUP Slip rings can be equipped with different type of position sensors made-in-house (optical encoders, magnetic encoders and precision potentiometric, etc.) to copy positions.

These products can be used in a wide range of applications, from robotic equipment to on-board equipment for civil and military aircraft electronics, armored vehicles, automatic weapon stations, radars, Electro Optronic Systems assemblies, space and exploration instruments used in the Oil and Gas sector.

Applications:

Aeronautics, Defense, Telecommunications, Space, Oil exploration.

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} offers a wide range of standard Slip rings. Most of these products are qualidfied and proven solutions in the field of defense, Aeronautics, Space, Railway, Medical, Oil exploration...

EXXELIA GROUP standard Slip rings can be divided in four categories:

- Compact standard Slip ring,
- Small standard Slip ring,
- Wide standard Slip ring,
- Very wide standard Slip ring.

HIGH FREQUENCY ROTARY JOINTS

EXXELIA GROUP also designs and manufactures High Frequency rotary joints (for frequencies > 1 GHz).

These rotary joints can be:

- Coaxial High frequency Rotary Joints.
- IFF Rotary Joint (Identification Friend / Foe).

Slip rings

STANDARD



COMPACT DIMENSION

External diameter = 20 mm. Up to 125 channels. Slip ring mainly designed for signal channels. Possibility to have power channels up to 10 A. HD-SDI / 3G-SDI compatible. Ethernet up to 1000Base-T

Applications: Aeronautics, Defense (Electro Optical Systems), Telecommunications, Space...

SMALL DIMENSION

External diameter = 50 mm. Up to 150 channels. Slip ring designed for signal & power channels. Qualified for the transmission of Gigabit Ethernet 1000Base-T. Hollow shaft option (0 int. 16 mm). Possibility to integrate a Fiber Optical Rotary Joint (FORJ).

Applications: Aeronautics, Defense (Electro Optical Systems), Telecommunications, Space, ...





MEDIUM DIMENSION

External diameter = 100 mm.

Slip ring designed according to a modular design technology. Possibility to increase the number of channels without any additional length (very compact solution).

Concentric modules: possibility to integrate inside a small standard module with an Optical Fiber Optical Rotary Joint (FORJ) or a compact module.

Compatible HD-SDI and Gigabit Ethernet 1000Base-T. Hollow shaft option (0 int. 50 mm).

Slip ring can be equipped with an optical encoder, a magnetic encoder or a precision potentiometer, a rotary switch, etc.

Applications: Aeronautics, Defense (Electro Optical Systems), Telecommunications, Space, Medical, Transportation...

Slip rings

STANDARD



LARGE DIMENSION

External diameterup to 1200 mm.

Slip ring designed according to a modular design technology possibility to increase the number of channels without any additional length (solution very compact).

Slip ring can be equipped with an optical encoder, a magnetic encoder or a precision potentiometer, a rotary switch, ...

Applications: Aeronautic, Defense (Electro Optical Systems), Telecommunications, Space, Medical, Transportation...



HIGH POWER SLIP RINGS

EXXELIA GROUP designs and manufactures High Power Slip rings based on a long heritage list.

 $\textbf{EXXELIA}^{\text{GROUP}}$ Slip ring handles high electrical power up to 2000 Amp. and up to 10 kV.

Depending on the application and the requested parameters like running torque, temperature and current, brushes may be made of carbon silver in precious metal alloy.

Applications: Defense (Radars, Turrets...), Naval (Sonar winch) and Industry.



SPECIFIC

Slip rings

SLIP RINGS FOR SPACE USE

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} is qualified on a very important number of flight applications (there are a lot of satellites equipped with **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} Slip ring).

All the spatial Slip rings are bearingless to fit the customer's interface which provide weight saving.

They are manufactured in a clean room by respecting the state of the art of the space applications manufacturing.

Applications: SADM (Solar Array Drive Mechanism System) + Rotary actuators.





HOLLOW SHAFT SLIP RING

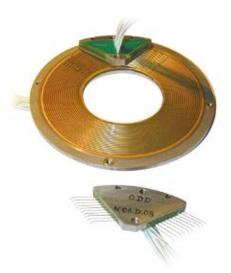
A Hollow Shaft Slip ring (sometimes called through bore) is a Slip ring with a bore through the centre of the slip ring module. The bore enables the slip ring to be mounted on a shaft, offering space for hydraulics, pneumatics (Rotary Union) or integration of an Fibber Optical Rotary Joint (FORJ)

Applications: Aeronautics, Defense (Electro Optical Systems), Telecommunications, Space, Medical, Transportation...

PANCAKE

A Pancake Slip ring is a Slip ring adapted to designs with limited vertical space and no bearing (alignment of the Rotor / Stator must be performed by the customer)..

Applications: Aeronautics, Defense (Electro Optical Systems), Telecommunications, Space, Medical, Transportation...





Slip rings



HIGH RPM

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} designs and manufactures High speed Slip rings based on a long and rich experience. This experience has been acquired by the development and the manufacturing of Slip Rings for helicopter test flight equipment. These types of Slip rings use a specific patented system called Multi fingers brushes. The advantage of the multi finger system is to limit the noise and the wear while providing high speed capabilities.

Features:

Speeds up to 6.000 rpm,

Signals, power, high data rates (Ethernet, HD SDI Video signals...), Possibility to have Slip rings equipped with **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} position sensors (Optical encoders, Magnetic Position sensors.

Applications: Aeronautical (Helicopters), Defense (Test benches for missiles), Industry...

HIGH TEMPERATURE/ HIGH PRESSURE

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} can propose Slip rings for the field of oil and Gas exploration. Oil & Gas exploration is a sector where the operating conditions are very severe. These harsh conditions can be easily supported without any problem by the **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} Slip rings (High Temperature +200°C, High pressures 200 bars, shocks 100g).

Applications: Oil & gas exploration.

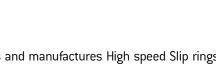




LARGE DENSITY CHANNELS

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} can propose Slip rings with any number of channels (> 400 channels) and whatever the application. Outputs can be with flying leads and / or with connectors which can be filtered by **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP's} filters.

Applications: Aeronautical, Defense, Industry...



SPECIFIC



ROJO Series



COAXIAL HIGH FREQUENCY ROTARY JOINTS

EXXELIA GROUP designs and manufactures coaxial High Frequency rotary joints (for frequencies > 1 GHz).

These rotary joints use contact technology.

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} can propose coaxial rotary joints adapted in impedance 50Ω or 75Ω which allows to have a bandwidth > 3 GHz (DC / > 3 GHz).

The coaxial rotary joints 75 Ω allows the transmission of video signals under the format 3G SDI (Norm SMPTE 424M).

Applications: Aeronautics, Defense (Electro Optical Systems), Telecommunications, Space, Medical, ...

L-BAND ROTARY JOINTS

EXXELIA GROUP designs and manufactures L-BAND High Frequency rotary joints for a bandwidth closed to 1 GHz.

These L-BAND High Frequency rotary joints use a contactless technology. They are multi-channels.

They can be integrated in a wide range of products and can be integrated inside the **EXXELIA** GROUP Slip rings.

One of their biggest interests is to be very compact and light compared to their bandwidth and their performances.

Applications: Aeronautics, Defense (Electro Optical Systems), Telecommunications, Space, Medical, Transportation...





Hybrid Systems



SERVO MOTORS

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} can design and manufacture very specific electrical motors equipped with its own position sensors (Optical encoder, Magnetic position sensors, precision potentiometers).

Most of these products are used on missiles for different applications: missile fin actuator or missile seeker.

Applications: Defense (seeker, actuator...), Industry...

SLIP RING + FORJ (Fiber Optical Rotary Joint)

When the flow of signals is high, or when the quantity of signals is very important (> 3 Gigabit/s), it can necessary to use optical signals.

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} Slip rings can be equipped with FORJ which allows transferring these optical signals (number of optical channels: from 1 up to more than 10 channels).

Applications: Defense (EOS, RCWS, Radar...), Industry...



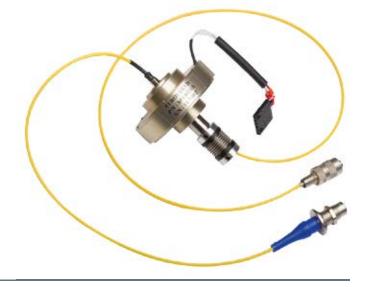
SPECIFIC

Hybrid Systems

ENCODER + FORJ

EXXELIA ^{GROUP'}s position sensors can be equipped with FORJ (Fiber Optical Rotary Joint). This association allows simultaneously in a low volume the use of a transfer function (transfer of data) with a function of displacement measurement.

Applications: Defense (EOS, RCWS, Radar...), Industry...





HYDRAULIC SLIP RING (ROTARY UNION)

On specific request, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} can design and manufacture pneumatic or hydraulic transfer functions. This Specific equipment is called a Rotary Union (RU). **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} Rotary Unions have from 1 up to more than 4 channels (for a pressure up to 250 bars). Most of the time, a Rotary Union is a part of a Slip ring.

Applications: Defense (Radar, Turret...), Industry...

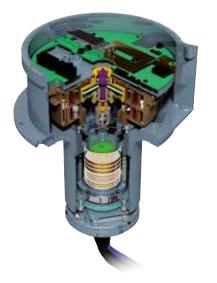
PLUG & PLAY SOLUTIONS

In order to offer the highest integration of the biggest number of functions in the smallest volume, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} can propose PLUG & PLAY Solutions. These solutions are in fact the possibility to integrate and to combine all together the maximum functions offered by the company.

The interest of such a system is to make it more compact by decreasing the weight and the costs of the global system.

List of functions:

- Slip ring,
- Position sensor: Optical encoder, Magnetic position sensor...
- Fiber Optical Rotary Joint (FORJ) / Rotary Union (RU) / Rotary joint (L-Band),
- Mux/Demux electro optical electronics,
- Flexible coupling.





SPECIFIC OPTICAL ENCODER

CUSTOMER INFORMATION	4	APPLICATION		
Company name:	Program/application:	Program/application:		
Name:	Project type:	Planning:		
Position:	DNew project	$\Box \leq 3$ months		
Address:	Existing project	\Box ± 6 months		
Tel.:	🗌 Retrofit / replacement	□ > 1 year		
E-mail:				
Date:	Total quantity estimation:			

ENCODER DEFINITION				
Encoder type: Incremental Absolute Single turn Multi turn				
Resolution: bits or points				
Accuracy:arc min./arc sec.				

		ELECTRI	CAL INTERFACE
Power supply:	\Box 5 V _{DC} \pm 5% (Standard)	\Box 24 V_{DC} $\pm 10\%$	Other:
Com. protocol:	SSI FSSI	□ BiSS	Other:
Transmission:	□ RS422 □ TTL		Other:
Connection:	Flying lead	Connector	Туре:

Operating temperatu	Ire:		Other:	
□ -40°C to +85°C	\Box –45°C to +105°C	\Box –55°C to +125°C		
Sealing (CEI 529):	□ IP51		Other:	
		``		

Other request (Shocks, vibrations, humidity, etc.):



SPECIFIC MAGNETIC ENCODER

Customer Request Form

CUSTOMER INFORMATION	ļ	APPLICATION		
Company name:	Program/application:	Program/application:		
Name:	Project type:	Planning:		
Position:	DNew project	$\Box \leq 3$ months		
Address:	Existing project	\Box ± 6 months		
Tel.: 	Retrofit / replacement	□ > 1 year		
c-mail: Date:	Total quantity estimation:			

ENCODER DEFINITION							
Encoder type:	□ Incremental	□ Absolute	□ Single turn	🗆 Multi turnturns			
Resolution:		bits or points					
Accuracy:		arc min./arc sec.					

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE						
Power supply:	\Box 5 V _{DC} ± 5% (Standard)	\Box 24 V_{DC} \pm 10%	Other:			
Com. protocol:	SSI FSSI	BiSS	Other:			
Transmission:	□ RS422 □ TTL		Other:			
Connection:	🗆 Flying lead	Connector	Туре:			

MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Max. dimensions	: Length:	mm Diameter:	mm	DRAWING:			
Mounting type:	🗆 "Synchro"	□ "Screw"	🗆 "Flange"	🗆 "Pancake "			
Avimum operati							
Maximum operati	ion speed:		-				

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS							
Operating temperatu	ıre:		Other:				
\Box –40°C to +85°C	\Box –45°C to +105°C	□-55°C to +125°C					
Sealing (CEI 529):	🗆 IP51		Other:				
Other request (Shocks, vibrations, humidity, etc.):							

SPECIFIC PRECISION POTENTIOMETERS

CUSTOMER INFORMATION	4	APPLICATION
Company name:	Program/application:	
Name:	Project type:	Planning:
Position: Address:	DNew project	$\Box \leq 3$ months
Tel.:	Existing project	\Box ± 6 months
E-mail:	Retrofit / replacement	□ > 1 year
Date:	Total quantity estimation:	

MECHANICAL CARACTERISTICS

Movement: (Rotary - multi or single turn, rectilinear)	
Maximum Overhaul Dimensions authorized:	
Shaft diameter and type for Rotary Sensor: (Plain shaft or hollow shaft)	
Mounting Interface: (Synchro, Bushing, screws, etc.)	
Mechanical Stroke:	
Shaft speed:	
Starting & Running Torques:	

Lifetime (cycles):

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Resistance with tolerance: (Nominal Resistance)

Effective electrical stroke:

Conformity or Linearity, type and requested value:

Operating Voltage:

Type of electrical connexion:	
(Flying leads, connectors, etc.	.)

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Operating Temperatures:

Storage Temperatures:		
Sealing: (None, water spray, dust, other)		
Others: (Shocks, Vibrations, etc.)		

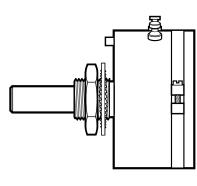


SPECIFIC PRECISION POTENTIOMETERS

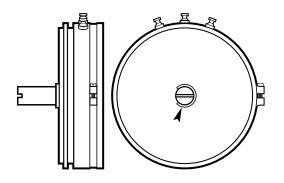
Customer Request Form

STANDARD MOUNTING INTERFACES FOR ROTARY POTENTIOMETERS

Bushing mounting example



Servo mounting example



EXXELIA GROUP POTENTIOMETER INTERFACES

Standard Potentiometers (Rotary or rectilinear):

A standard potentiometer can be either Rotary (multiple or single turn) or Rectilinear.





Hollow Shaft Potentiometer:

A Hollow Shaft Potentiometer is a potentiometer with a bore through the centre of the potentiometer. The bore can enable the potentiometer to be mounted on a shaft.

Separate Elements (Tracks + wipers):

A Separate Element is a potentiometer where the wipers are free, separated of the Potentiometer. The two parts must be fitted by the customer to their system.

Pancake Potentiometer:

A Pancake Potentiometer is a potentiometer in one part where there is no bearing (Alignment of the wipers / tracks must be performed by the customer).





SPECIFIC SLIP RINGS

CUSTOMER INFORMATION		APPLICATION	
Company name:	Program/application:		
Name:	Project type:	Planning:	
Position:	Dew project	$\Box \leq 3$ months	
Address:	Existing project	$\Box \pm 6$ months	
Tel.:	Retrofit / replacement	□ > 1 year	
E-mail:			
Date:	Total quantity estimation:		

GENERAL INFORMATION

Function	Function of the application and function of the Slip ring:							
Option:	🗆 Optical encoder	□ Resolver	□ Switch	🗆 HF Rotary Joint	□ Fibre Optic Rotary Joint (FORJ) □ F	lydraulic Rotary Union (HRU)		

MECHANICAL CARACTERISTICS							
Max. Length:	Max. External Dia	meter (0e):	Max. Intern	al diameter (0i):			
Type: (see Slip ring Interfaces here joined)	□ Standard	🗆 Holl	ow Shaft	□ separate elements	🗆 pancake		
Rotation speed:							
Vibrations, shocks & acceleration	:						
Lifetime (cycles):							
Slip ring Starting & Running Torques:							

	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Channel Fonction	Channel Quantity	Cu Nominal	rrent Maxi (peak)	Working Voltag	Frequency Data rate (*)	Wire gauge Awg	Crosstalk (dB)			
			•							

		OTHER CARACTERISTICS		
Type of electrical output:	🗆 Pigtails	□ Flying leads	Connectors	
Specific cables and impedance:	🗆 Соах	🗆 Twinax	\Box Impedance 50 Ω , 75 Ω	\Box To be defined



SPECIFIC SLIP RINGS

Customer Request Form

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Operating	Temperatures:
-----------	---------------

Storage Temperatures:

operating temperatures.	
Sealing:	Others:
(None, water spray, dust, other)	(Shocks, Vibrations, etc.)

ADDITIONAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR HIGH FREQUENCY ROTARY JOINT (RJ)						
Channel Fonction	Bandwith	Average Power	Peak power	VSWR (**)	Insertion loss (dB)	Connector type (WG, coax)

	ADDITIONAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR FIBER OPTIC ROTARY JOINT (FORJ)					
Channel	l Optic fiber	Weyelength	In continu loca			
Fonction	Monomode	Multimode	Wavelength	Insertion loss		

ADDITIONAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR HYDRAULIC ROTARY UNIONS (RU)

Channel Fonction	Channels quantity	Flow rate	Pressure	Type of fluid

(*) If unknown, please, precise protocol or data rate for video channel, please, see "additional information" at the end of this document for ethernet channels, please, precise exactly the type of ethernet (gbit, fast ethernet, ...).

(**) VSWR = Voltage Standard Wave Ratio

EXXELIA GROUP SLIP RING INTERFACES

Standard Slip ring: A standard Slip ring is a Slip ring which is not Hollow shaft, separate elements or pancake.

Hollow Shaft Slip:

A Hollow Shaft Slip ring (sometimes called through bore)is a Slip ring with a bore through the centre of the Slip ring module. The bore can enable Slip ring to be mounted on a shaft. It offers space for hydraulics, pneumatics (Rotary Union) or integration of an Fibber Optical Rotary Joint (FORJ).

Separate Elements (Tracks + brush block):

A Separate Element is a Slip ring where the brush block is free, separated from the Slip ring. The two parts must be fitted by the customer to their system.

Pancake:

EXXELIA

A Pancake Slip ring is a Slip ring in one part where there is no bearing (Alignment of the Rotor / Stator must be performed by the customer).

(E) GROUP

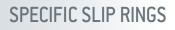








Tel:+33(0)149231000



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR VIDEO

For video signal:

please precise the type of video format.

SOME EXAMPLE OF CURRENT VIDEO SIGNALS					
Video type	Specification	Cable type	Transmission rate		
Video monochrome	RS 170	4 wires / 75 Ω system			
NTSC	SMPTE 170M	Coaxial 75 Ω or composite			
SDI	SMPTE 259M	Coaxial cable 75 Ω	270 Mb/s		
HD-SDI	SMPTE 292M	Coaxial cable 75 Ω	1485 Mb/s		
dual-link HD-SDI	SMPTE 372M	2 Coaxial cables 75 Ω	2970 Mbps		
3G-SDI	SMPTE 424M	1 Coaxial cable 75 Ω	2970 Mbps		

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ETHERNET CHANNELS

For ETHERNET channels:

please precise the exact type of ETHERNET used.

SOME EXAMPLE OF ETHERNET				
ETHERNET type	Specification	Cable type	Transmission rate	
Ethernet	10 BASE-2	RG58 Coax		
Ethernet	100 BASE-TX	100 Ω - cat 5 (2 pairs)	100 Mb/s	
Ethernet		100 Ω - CAT6	1 Gb/s	
	1000 BASE-T	100 Ω - cat 5e (4 pairs)	1 Gb/s	
Ethernet		150 Ω Twinax cable	1 Gb/s	
	1000 BASE-CX	100 Ω - CAT6	10 Gb/s	
Ethernet		CAT6a	10 Gb/s	
	10G BASE-CX	Optical fiber	10 Gb/s	

Other ElectroMechanical Products

EXXELIA ^{GROUP} range of EMI-RFI filters are mainly low-pass filters designed to remove efficiently high-frequency interferences and parasites.

Nowadays filters function are required for:

Data signal integrity,

EMI-RFI FILTERS

- Power supply performance,
- EMC standard compliance.



Following 50 years heritage in Defense market, **EXXELIA** ^{GROUP} offers highly performant, robust and reliable solutions to protect from different EMC phenomenon all kind of signal such as:

- Power supply,
- Control lines,
- Data communication...







EXXELIA GROUP'S Precision Mechanics division specialises in machining complex parts, from prototypes to medium series. Our best-in-class palletized-5-axis turning and milling equipment enable us to work with all types of material including titanium, inconel, 35NCD4, etc...

Assembly, high precision manual deburring and hydraulic tests can be carried out in our workshop.

COMPONENTS & SUB-ASSEMBLIES MANUFACTURING

With two production units, separated by less than 10 km and located both in Casablanca (Morocco), **EXXELIA** MAROC offers to its customers a subcontracting capability on its two main competences fields with high technology processes as: wire bonding, vacuum metallization, RF test equipments, reliability test equipment.

Complex electronic modules or components assembly:

- RF diodes packaging,
- RF circulators assembly,
- quartz hybrid oscillators assembly,
- high frequency filters assembly,
- opto electronic components,
- antennas, sensor.

Built-to-print for overmoulding, wiring and harnessing, rotors, stators, actuators.

EXXELIA VIETNAM is locate in Ho Chi Minh City and dedicated to Medium to High volume markets requesting traceability for processes and raw materials.





Headquarters 93, rue Oberkampf F - 75540 PARIS CEDEX 11 • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)1 49 23 10 00 info@exxelia.com

www.exxelia.com



EXXELIA DEARBORN

1221 North US Highway 17-92 Longwood, FL 32750 • USA Tel. : (407) 695-6562

EXXELIA MAROC

Angle boulevard Alkahrabae et rue Le Caire Quartier Industriel Ain Sebaa CASABLANCA Sidi Bernoussi 20600 • MAROC Tel. : +00212 22 66 70 00



EXXELIA MAGNETICS

16, Parc d'Activités du Beau Vallon F-57970 ILLANGE • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)3 82 59 13 33

EXXELIA MAGNETICS

ZI la Levraudière, F-85120 ANTIGNY • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)2 51 69 64 25



EXXELIA

EXXELIA RAF TABTRONICS 2854 Genesee St., Route 63 Piffard, New York 14533 • USA Tel.: +1 585-243-4331 x120



EXXELIA DEYOUNG 12920 NE 125th Way Kirkland, WA 98034 • USA Tel. : +1 425-823-4798



EXXELIA TANTALUM Z.I. de Brais - BP 194 F - 44604 SAINT-NAZAIRE CEDEX • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)2 40 01 26 51



EXXELIA TECHNOLOGIES

Headquarters 93, rue Oberkampf F - 75540 PARIS CEDEX 11 • FRANCE Tel.:+33 (0)1 49 23 10 00

Plants

Z.A.E. du Chêne Saint-Fiacre 1, rue des Temps Modernes F-77600 CHANTELOUP-EN-BRIE • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)1 60 31 70 00

105, rue du Général Leclerc - BP 33 F - 67441 MARMOUTIER Cedex • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)3 88 70 62 00



EXXELIA SIC SAFCO Z.I. de Brais - BP 194 F - 44604 SAINT-NAZAIRE CEDEX • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)2 40 01 26 51



EXXELIA TEMEX Parc Industriel Bersol 1 Voie Romaine F-33600 PESSAC • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)5 56 46 66 66



EXXELIA VIETNAM

Unit 2A, Standard Factory No. 2, Road 15, The Tan Thuan EPZ, Dist.7, Ho Chi Minh City • VIETNAM Tel. : 00 84 8 3770 1226



Headquarters

93, rue Oberkampf F - 75540 PARIS CEDEX 11 • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)1 49 23 10 00

info@exxelia.com

www.exxelia.com

Plants

Z.A.E. du Chêne Saint-Fiacre 1, rue des Temps Modernes F-77600 CHANTELOUP-EN-BRIE • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)1 60 31 70 00

105, rue du Général Leclerc - BP 33 F-67441 MARMOUTIER Cedex • FRANCE Tel. : +33 (0)3 88 70 62 00

