Planar Arrays

BPM Series

FEATURES

- Planar capacitor arrays
- X7R dielectrics (NP0 available on request)
- Capacitance range: 330pF - 68nF
- Voltage range: $25V_{DC}$ to $200V_{DC}$
- Specific configurations available on request

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CONSTRUCTION

Circular or rectangular multilayer capacitor arrays with Silver / Palladium / Platinum terminations. Other shapes available on request.

MARKING (on packaging)
Series, capacitance value, tolerance, rated voltage, batch number.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Description	X7R
Operating temperature	–55°C to +125°C
Maximum ΔC/C over temperature range without DC voltage applied	±15%
Climatic category	55 / 125 / 56
Rated voltage (U_{RC})	$25V_{DC}$ to $200V_{DC}$
Dielectric withstanding voltage at 25°C between holes and outside	2.5 U_{RC}
Capacitance	at 1kHz
Dissipation factor at25°C	≤ 2.5% at 1kHz
Insulation resistance at 25°C under U_{RC}	≥ 20,000MΩ
Aging	≤ 2.5% per decade hour

NP0, BX and BR dielectrics available on request.

HOW TO ORDER

BPM	22	W	470nF	10%	200 V
Series	Design code	RoHS compliant	Capacitance	Tolerance	Rated voltage
BPM = Planar arrays	**22** = 2 capacitors - discoidal shape **224** = 4 capacitors - discoidal shape **24** = 4 capacitors - rectangular shape	**-** = No RoHS **W** = RoHS compliant	Capacitance value in clear	**±10%** **±20%**	**25 V** **50 V** **100 V** **200 V**

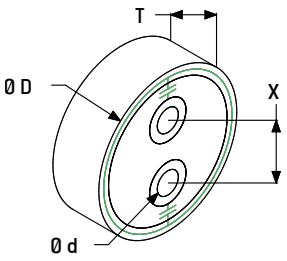
FEED-THRU

BPM Series

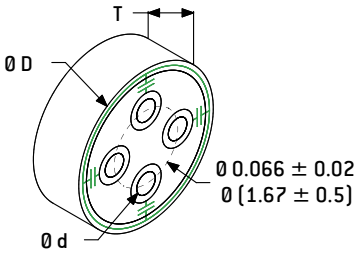
Planar Arrays

DIMENSIONS

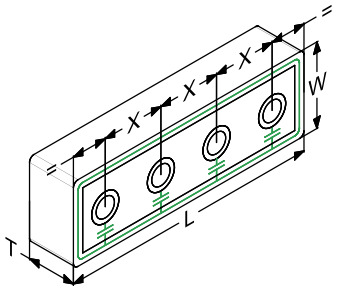
Design code 22



Design code 224



Design code 24



Black lines: mechanical

Green lines: electrical (external termination is connected to the ground)

STANDARD RATINGS

	Size	BPM22	BPM224	BPM24
Dimensions inches (mm)	L ±0.008 (±0.2)	-	-	0.248 (6.3)
	W ±0.008 (± 0.2)	-	-	0.081 (2.05)
	D±0.004 (± 0.1)	0.142 (3.6)	0.12 (3.05)	-
	d ±0.002 (± 0.05)	0.022 (0.55)	0.019 (0.49)	-
	T max.	0.048 (1.2)	0.05 (1.25)	0.048 (1.2)
	X ± 0.002 (± 0.05)	0.056 (1.42)	-	0.06 (1.52)
Min. Capacitance value		330pF	330pF	330pF
Rated voltage (U_R)	**25V**	68nF	12nF	56nF
	50V	39nF	4.7nF	27nF
	100V	18nF	2.7nF	12nF
	200V	8.2nF	-	5.6nF

Available capacitance values:

E6, E12 (see page 14). Specific values upon request.

For standard products capacitance value is the same for each hole, it can be different on request.

The above table defines the standard products, other components may be built upon request (NP0, BX, BR, shapes, number of holes, combination of capacitance values, etc.)

General Information

Discoidal capacitors with NP0, X7R ceramics (BX and BR available on request) feature unique frequency performance due to very low inductance inherent to the configuration.

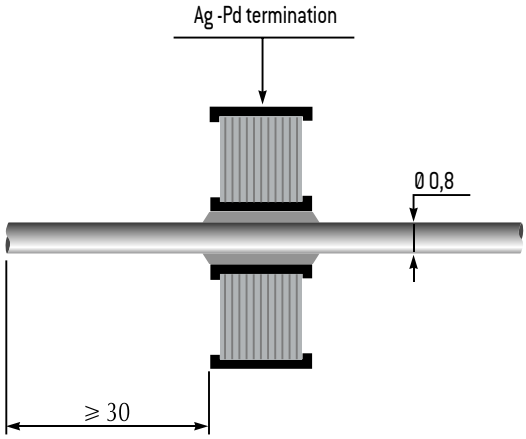
They are ideally suited to interconnect power amplifier stages through a shielding wall (high impedance electronic circuits).

Silver-palladium terminations can be directly mounted on the metal surface of the shielding wall.

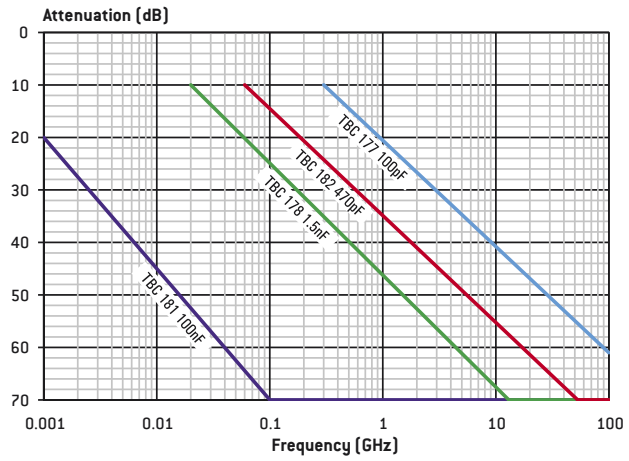
Multiple lines can be filtered simultaneously using the BPM Series which consist of multiple capacitors in the same component. These capacitors can have the same or different values. EXXELIA expertise and flexible manufacturing processes enable a wide range of arrays: custom configuration or geometry. Consult our Engineering team to support your design requirements.

Another version (option T) featuring central conductor configuration (illustrated below) enables to get rid of thermal and mechanical shocks inherent to lead soldering. This also eliminates the risks of plating deterioration during the soldering process.

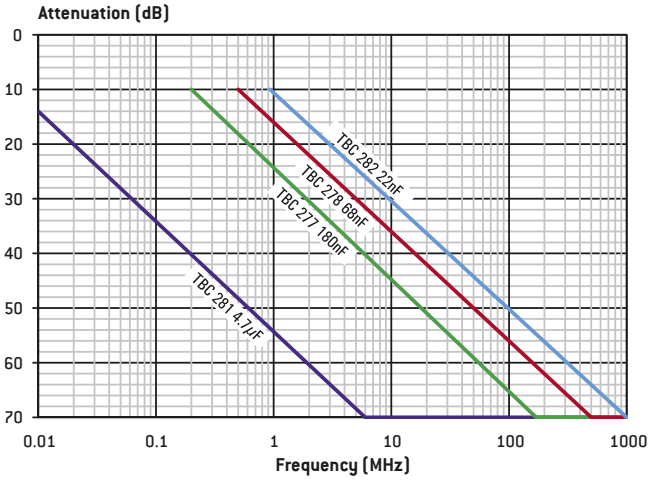
At last 2 lines can be filtered simultaneously using the BPM 12 or BPM 22 which consists of two capacitors in the same component (4 lines with the BPM24 or BPM224). These capacitors can have the same or different values (consult us).



NP0: TYPICAL ATTENUATION CURVE VERSUS FREQUENCY (50Ω IMPEDANCE)

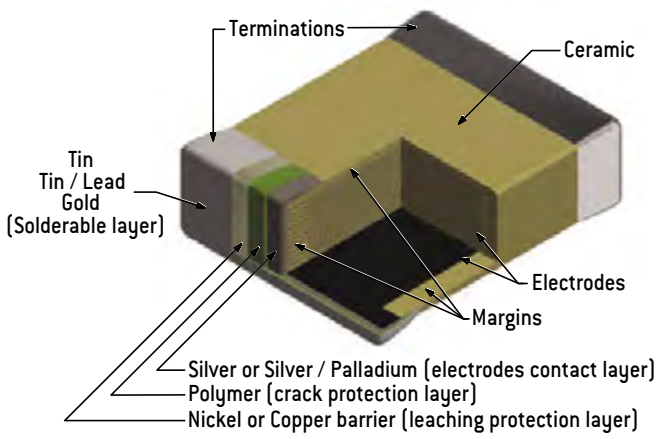


X7R: TYPICAL ATTENUATION CURVE VERSUS FREQUENCY (50Ω IMPEDANCE)



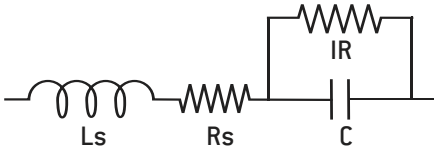
Ceramic Capacitors Technology

MLCC STRUCTURE



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT

Capacitor is a complex component combining resistive, inductive and capacitive phenomena. A simplified schematic for the equivalent circuit is:



DIELECTRIC CHARACTERISTICS

Insulation Resistance (IR) is the resistance measured under DC voltage across the terminals of the capacitor and consists principally of the parallel resistance shown in the equivalent circuit. As capacitance values and hence the area of dielectric increases, the IR decreases and hence the product (C x IR) is often specified in Ω.F or MΩ.μF.

The Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) is the sum of the resistive terms which generate heating when capacitor is used under AC voltage at a given frequency (f).

Dissipation factor (DF) is the ration of the apparent power input will turn to heat in the capacitor:

$DF = 2\pi f C ESR$

When a capacitor works under AC voltage, **heat power loss (P),** expressed in Watt, is equal to:

$P = 2\pi f C Vrms^2 DF$

The series inductance (Ls) is due to the currents running through the electrodes. It can distort the operation of the capacitor at high frequency where the **impedance (Z)** is given as:

$Z = Rs + j (Ls.\omega - 1/(C.\omega))$ with $\omega = 2\pi f$

When frequency rises, the capacitive component of capacitors is gradually canceled up to the resonance frequency, where :

$Z = Rs$ and $LsC.\omega^2 = 1$

Above this frequency the capacitor behaves like an inductor.

	P100	NP0	N2200 (C4xx)	BX	2C1	X7R
Dielectric material	Porcelain	Magnesium titanate or Neodynium baryum titanate	Barium zirconate titanate	Baryum titanate ($BaTiO_3$)		
Dielectric constant	15 – 18	20 – 85	450	2,000 – 5,000		
Electrode technology	PME (Precious Metal Electrodes): Ag/Pd					
Capacitance variation between –55°C and +125/°C without DC voltage	(100±30)ppm/°C	(0±30)ppm/°C	(–2,200±500) ppm/°C	±15%	±20%	±15%
Capacitance variation between –55°C and +125/°C with DC rated voltage			0 -15%	15% –25%	20% –30%	Not applicable
Piezo-electric effect	None		None	Yes		
Dielectric absorption	None		Few %	Few %		
Thermal shock sensitive	+		+	++		

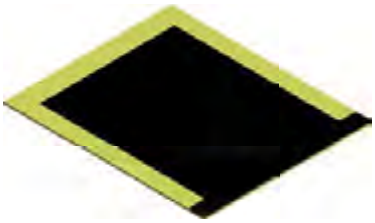
Ceramic Capacitors Technology

MANUFACTURING STEPS

SLIP CASTING

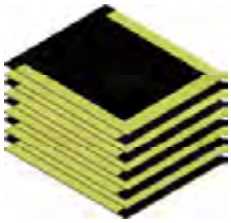
A slurry, a mix of ceramic powder, binder and solvents, is poured onto conveyor belt inside a drying oven, resulting in a dry ceramic sheet.

ELECTRODE SCREEN PRINTING



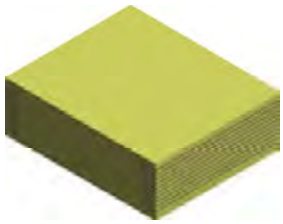
The electrode ink, made from a metal powder mixed with solvents, is printed onto the ceramic sheets using a screen printing process.

STACKING



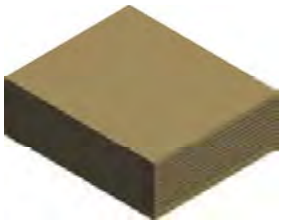
The sheets with electrode printed are stacked to create a multilayer structure.

PRESSING



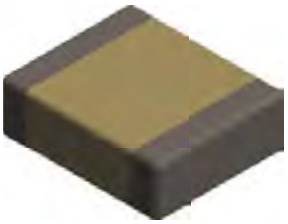
Pressure is applied to the stack to fuse all the separate layers, this created a monolithic structure.

SINTERING



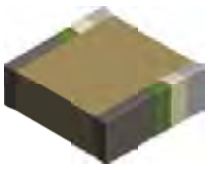
The parts are sintered in an oven with a precise temperature profile which is very important to the characteristics of the capacitors.

TERMINATIONS



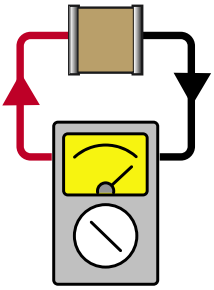
Each terminal of the capacitor is dipped in the termination ink, mix of metal powder, solvents and glass frit and the parts are fired in an oven.

TERMINATIONS PLATING



Stacking + leads soldering + encapsulation
(see pages 10-11)

FINAL TESTING



PACKAGING

User Guide

SMD TERMINATIONS

NON RoHS COMPLIANT	Code	RoHS COMPLIANT	Code	Magnetic	Recommended mounting process						Storage (months)*
					Epoxy bonding	Iron soldering	Wave soldering	Vapor phase soldering	Infrared soldering	Wire bonding	
Ag	**Q**	Ag	**QW / P**	No	●	●	●	●			18
Ag/Pd/Pt	**-**	Ag/Pd/Pt	**W / A**	No	●	●	●				24
Ag/Pd/Pt + dipped Sn/Pb 60/40	**H**	Ag/Pd/Pt + dipped Sn	**HW**	No		●					24
Ag + Ni + electrolytic Sn/Pb 95/5	**C**	Ag + Ni + electrolytic Sn	**CW / S**	Yes		●	●	●	●		18
Ag + Ni + electrolytic Sn/Pb 60/40	**D**	-	**-**	Yes		●	●	●	●		18
-	**-**	Ag + Cu + electrolytic Sn	**C****	No		●	●	●	●		18
Ag + Ni + dipped Sn/Pb 60/40	**E**	-	**-**	Yes		●	●				24
Ag + Ni + Au	**G**	Ag + Ni + Au	**GW**	Yes	●	●	●	●	●	●	36
Ag + Polymer + Ni + Sn/Pb 95/5	**YC**	Ag + Polymer + Ni + Sn	**YCW**	Yes		●	●	●	●		18
Ag + Polymer + Ni + Sn/Pb 60/40	**YD**	-	**-**	Yes		●	●	●	●		18
Ag + Polymer + Ni + Au	**YG**	Ag + Polymer + Ni + Au	**YGW**	Yes	●	●	●	●	●	●	36

Nickel (Ni) or Copper (Cu) barriers amplify thermal shock and are not recommended for chip sizes larger than 3030.

* Storage must be in a dry environment at a temperature of 20°C with a relative humidity below 50%, or preferably in a package enclosing a desiccant.

** Non magnetic chips series only.

SMD ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS

Ceramic chip capacitors for SMD are designed to meet test requirements of **CECC 32100** and **NF C 93133** standards as specified below in compliance with **NF C 20700** and **IEC 68** standards:

- Solderability: **NF C 20758,** 260°C, bath 62/36/2.
- Adherence: 5N force.
- Vibration fatigue test: **NF C 20706,** 20 g, 10 Hz to 2,000 Hz, 12 cycles of 20 minutes each.
- Rapid temperature change: **NF C 20714,** –55°C to + 125°C, 5 cycles.
- Combined climatic test: **IEC 68-2-38.**
- Damp heat: **NF C 20703,** 93 %, H.R., 40°C.
- Endurance test: 1,000 hours, 1.5 U_{RC}, 125°C.

STORAGE OF CHIP CAPACITORS

TINNED OR NON TINNED CHIP CAPACITORS

Storage must be in a dry environment at a temperature of 20°C with a relative humidity below 50 %, or preferably in a packaging enclosing a desiccant.

STORAGE IN INDUSTRIAL ENVIRONMENT:

- 2 years for tin dipped chip capacitors,
- 18 months for tin electroplated chip capacitors,
- 2 years for non tinned chip capacitors,
- 3 years for gold plated chip capacitors.

STORAGE IN CONTROLLED NEUTRAL NITROGEN ENVIRONMENT:

- 4 years for tin dipped or electroplated chip capacitors,
- 4 years for non tinned chip capacitors,
- 5 years for gold plated chip capacitors.

Storage duration should be considered from delivery date and not from batch manufacture date. The tests carried out at final acceptance stage (solderability, susceptibility to solder heat) enable to assess the compatibility to surface mounting of the chips.

User Guide

LEAD STYLES

SURFACE MOUNTING

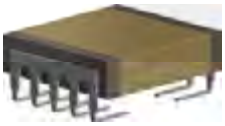
DIL LEADS

P style

PL style

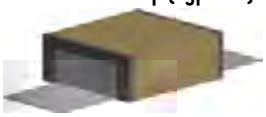
L style

J style

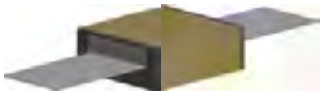


RIBBON LEADS

Micro-strip (type 1)
Short Micro-strip (type 1S)



Axial (Type 2)

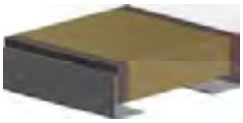


Radial (Type 3)

R style

RX style

RJ style



Please contact Exxelia sales for any lead configuration not shown.

TROUGH-HOLE MOUNTING

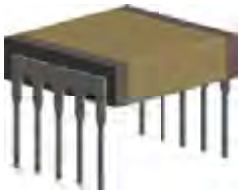
AXIAL AND RADIAL

Radial leads (Type 6)

Radial leads (4 leads)

Axial leads (Type 7)

DIL leads: N style



ENCAPSULATION STYLES

Ceramic encapsulation
(selfprotected)

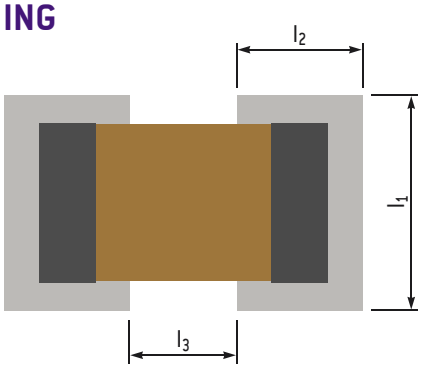
Varnish

Conformal coating

Molding

User Guide

SOLDERING ADVICES FOR REFLOW SOLDERING



Large chips above size 2225 are not recommended to be mounted on epoxy board due to thermal expansion coefficient mismatch between ceramic capacitor and epoxy. Where larger sizes are required, it is recommended to use components with ribbon or other adapted leads so as to absorb thermo-mechanical strains.

Dimensions in inches (in mm)	Reflow soldering						Wave soldering					
	I_1		I_2		I_3		I_1		I_2		I_3	
0402	0.043	(1.1)	0.035	(0.9)	0.012	(0.3)	0.043	(1.1)	0.047	(1.2)	0.012	(0.3)
0403	0.055	(1.4)	0.035	(0.9)	0.012	(0.3)	0.055	(1.4)	0.047	(1.2)	0.012	(0.3)
0504	0.063	(1.6)	0.051	(1.3)	0.016	(0.4)	0.063	(1.6)	0.063	(1.6)	0.016	(0.4)
0603	0.055	(1.4)	0.059	(1.5)	0.02	(0.5)	0.055	(1.4)	0.071	(1.8)	0.02	(0.5)
0805	0.073	(1.85)	0.065	(1.65)	0.024	(0.6)	0.073	(1.85)	0.077	(1.95)	0.024	(0.6)
0907	0.094	(2.4)	0.065	(1.65)	0.035	(0.9)	0.094	(2.4)	0.077	(1.95)	0.035	(0.9)
1005	0.073	(1.85)	0.067	(1.7)	0.039	(1)	0.073	(1.85)	0.079	(2)	0.039	(1)
1206	0.083	(2.1)	0.067	(1.7)	0.059	(1.5)	0.083	(2.1)	0.079	(2)	0.059	(1.5)
1210	0.118	(3)	0.069	(1.75)	0.059	(1.5)	0.118	(3)	0.081	(2.05)	0.059	(1.5)
1605	0.073	(1.85)	0.071	(1.8)	0.087	(2.2)	0.073	(1.85)	0.083	(2.1)	0.087	(2.2)
1806	0.087	(2.2)	0.073	(1.85)	0.102	(2.6)	0.087	(2.2)	0.085	(2.15)	0.102	(2.6)
1812	0.152	(3.85)	0.073	(1.85)	0.102	(2.6)	0.152	(3.85)	0.085	(2.15)	0.102	(2.6)
1825	0.281	(7.15)	0.073	(1.85)	0.102	(2.6)	0.281	(7.15)	0.085	(2.15)	0.102	(2.6)
2210	0.13	(3.3)	0.079	(2)	0.146	(3.7)	0.13	(3.3)	0.091	(2.3)	0.146	(3.7)
2220	0.228	(5.8)	0.079	(2)	0.146	(3.7)	0.228	(5.8)	0.091	(2.3)	0.146	(3.7)
2225	0.281	(7.15)	0.079	(2)	0.146	(3.7)	0.281	(7.15)	0.091	(2.3)	0.146	(3.7)

RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SMD CAPACITORS

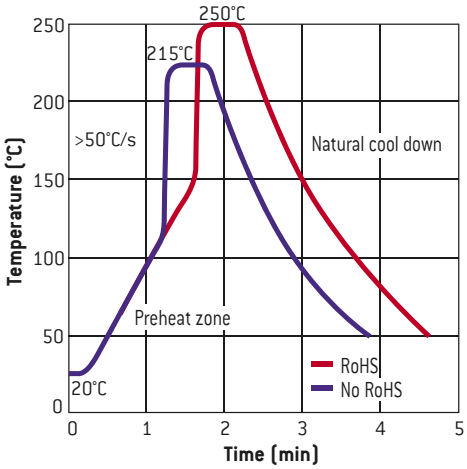
Ceramic is by nature a material which is sensitive both thermally and mechanically. Stresses caused by the physical and thermal properties of the capacitors, substrates and solders are attenuated by the leads.

Wave soldering is unsuitable for sizes larger than 2220 and for the higher ends of capacitance ranges due to possible thermal shock (capacitance values given upon request).

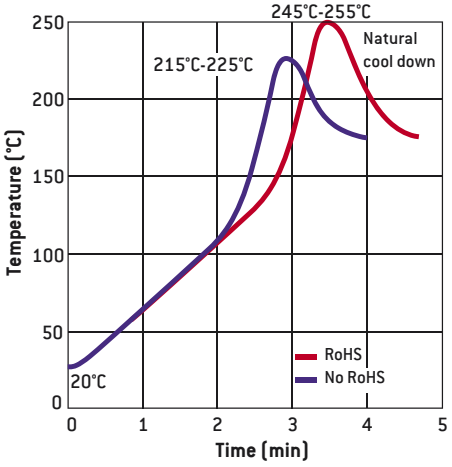
Infrared and vapor phase reflow, are preferred for high reliability applications as inherent thermo-mechanical strains are lower than those inherent to wave soldering.

Whatever the soldering process is, it is highly recommended to apply a thermal cycle, see hereafter our recommended soldering profile:

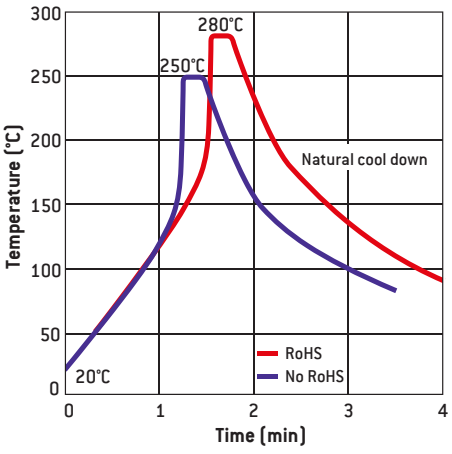
RECOMMENDED VAPOR PHASE REFLOW PROFILE



RECOMMENDED IR REFLOW PROFIL



RECOMMENDED WAVE SOLDERING PROFILE



SOLDERING ADVICES FOR IRON SOLDERING

Attachment with a soldering iron is discouraged due to ceramic brittleness and the process control limitations. In the event that a soldering iron must be used, the following precautions should be observed:

- Use a substrate with chip footprints big enough to allow putting side by side one end of the capacitor and the iron tip without any contact between this tip and the component,
- place the capacitor on this footprint,
- heat the substrate until the capacitor's temperature reaches 150°C minimum (preheating step, maximum 1°C per second),
- place the hot iron tip (a flat tip is preferred) on the footprint **without touching the capacitor.** Use a regulated iron with a 30 watts maximum power. The recommended temperature of the iron is 270 ±10°C. The temperature gap between the capacitor and the iron tip must not exceed 120°C,

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- leave the tip on the footprint for a few seconds in order to increase locally the footprint's temperature,
- use a cored wire solder and put it down on the iron tip. In a preferred way use Sn/Pb/Ag 62/36/2 alloy,
- wait until the solder fillet is formed on the capacitor's termination,
- take away iron and wire solder,
- wait a few minutes so that the substrate and capacitor come back down to the preheating temperature,
- solder the second termination using the same procedure as the first,
- let the soldered component cool down slowly to avoid any thermal shock.

PACKAGING

TAPE AND REEL

The films used on the reels correspond to standard IEC 60286-3. Films are delivered on reels in compliance with document IEC 286-3 dated 1991.

Minimum quantity is 250 chips.

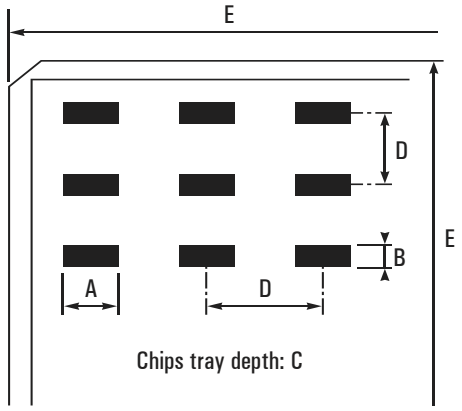
Maximum quantities per reel are as follows:

- Super 8 reel - Ø 180: 2,500 chips.
- Super 8 reel - Ø 330: 10,000 chips.
- Super 12 reel - Ø 180: 1,000 chips.

Reel marking complies with CECC 32100 standard:

- Model.
- Rated capacitance.
- Capacitance tolerance.
- Rated voltage.
- Batch number.

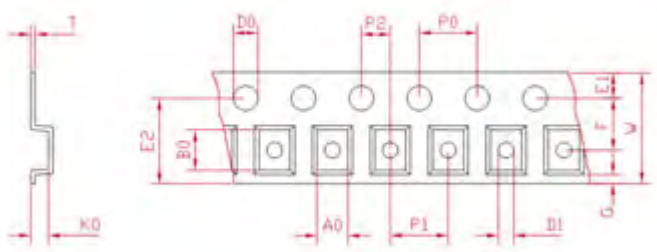
TRAY PACKAGES



DIMENSIONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CHIPS TRAY PACKAGES

Sizes	Nr. of chips/ package	Oriented chips	Dimensions in inches (in mm)				
			A	B	C	D	E
0402	100	No	Ø 0.112 (Ø 3.02)		0.065 (1.65)	0.167 (4.24)	2 (50.8)
0403	100	No	Ø 0.112 (Ø 3.02)		0.065 (1.65)	0.167 (4.24)	2 (50.8)
0504	100	Yes	0.059 (1.5)	0.045 (1.14)	0.035 (0.89)	0.167 (4.24)	2 (50.8)
0603	340	Yes	0.1 (2.54)	0.06 (1.52)	0.045 (1.14)	0.167 (4.24)	2 (50.8)
0805	100	Yes	0.1 (2.54)	0.06 (1.52)	0.045 (1.14)	0.167 (4.24)	2 (50.8)
1206	100	No	0.14 (3.56)	0.14 (3.56)	0.06 (1.52)	0.167 (4.24)	2 (50.8)
1210	100	Yes	0.14 (3.56)	0.14 (3.56)	0.06 (1.52)	0.167 (4.24)	2 (50.8)
1812	100	No	0.25 (6.35)	0.25 (6.35)	0.13 (3.3)	0.345 (8.76)	4 (101.6)
	25	Yes	0.24 (6.1)	0.265 (6.73)	0.07 (1.78)	0.345 (8.76)	2 (50.8)
2220	100	Yes	0.25 (6.35)	0.25 (6.35)	0.13 (3.3)	0.345 (8.76)	4 (101.6)
	25	Yes	0.24 (6.1)	0.265 (6.73)	0.07 (1.78)	0.345 (8.76)	2(50.8)

HIGH Q CAPACITORS TAPE AND REEL PACKAGING SPECIFICATIONS



Sizes	Type (1)	W±0.3 inches (mm)	F ±0.05 inches (mm)	P1 ±0.1 inches (mm)	T max. inches (mm)	Reel Size inches (mm)	Quantity per Reel
A (0505)	H	0,315 (8)	0,138 (3.5)	0,157 (4)	0,010 (0,25)	7,087 (180)	3'000
A (0505)	V	0,315 (8)	0,138 (3.5)	0,157 (4)	0,010 (0,25)	7,087 (180)	3'000
S (0603)	H	0,315 (8)	0,138 (3.5)	0,157 (4)	0,016 (0,4)	7,087 (180)	4'000
F (0805)	H	0,315 (8)	0,138 (3.5)	0,157 (4)	0,016 (0,4)	7,087 (180)	4'000
B (1111)	H	0,315 (8)	0,138 (3.5)	0,157 (4)	0,012 (0,3)	7,087 (180)	1'000
B (1111)	V	0,315 (8)	0,138 (3.5)	0,157 (4)	0,010 (0,25)	7,087 (180)	1'000
X (2225)	H	0,472 (12)	0,138 (5.5)	0,472 (12)	0,018 (0,45)	12,992 (330)	500
E (4040)	H	0,945 (24)	0,453±0,004 (11.5±0.1)	0,630 (16)	0,018 (0,45)	12,992 (330)	700
E (4040)	V	1,260 (32)	0,559±0,004 (14.2 ±0.1)	0,945 (24)	0,022 (0,55)	15 (381)	350

(1): Horizontal (H) or Vertical (V) orientation in cavities.

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EIA STANDARD CAPACITANCE VALUES

Following EIA standard, the values and multiples that are indicated in the chart below can be ordered. E48, E96 series and intermediary values are available upon request.

E6 (± 20%)	E12 (± 10%)	E24 (± 5%)
10	10	10
		11
	12	12
		13
15	15	15
		16
	18	18
		20
22	22	22
		24
	27	27
		30
33	33	33
		36
	39	39
		43
47	47	47
		51
	56	56
		62
68	68	68
		75
	82	82
		91

EIA CAPACITANCE CODE

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits are significant figures of the capacitance value and the third digit identifies the multiplier.

For capacitance value < 10pF, R designates a decimal point.
See examples below:

EIA code	Capacitance value		
	in pF	in nF	in µF
2R2	2.2	0.0022	0.0000022
6R8	6.8	0.0068	0.0000068
220	22	0.022	0.000022
470	47	0.047	0.000047
181	180	0.18	0.00018
221	220	0.22	0.00022
102	1,000	1	0.001
272	2,700	2.7	0.0027
123	12,000	12	0.012
683	68,000	68	0.068
124	120,000	120	0.12
564	560,000	560	0.56
335	3,300,000	3,300	3.3
825	8,200,000	8,200	8.2
156	15,000,000	15,000	15
686	68,000,000	68,000	68
107	100,000,000	100,000	100
227	220,000,000	220,000	220

PART MARKING VOLTAGE CODES

Use the following voltage code chart for part markings:

Voltage (V)	Code	Letter code
25	250	A
40	400	B
50	500	C
63	630	D
100	101	E
200	201	G
250	251	H
400	401	K
500	501	L
1,000	102	M
2,000	202	P
3,000	302	R
4,000	402	S
5,000	502	T
7,500	752	U
10,000	103	W

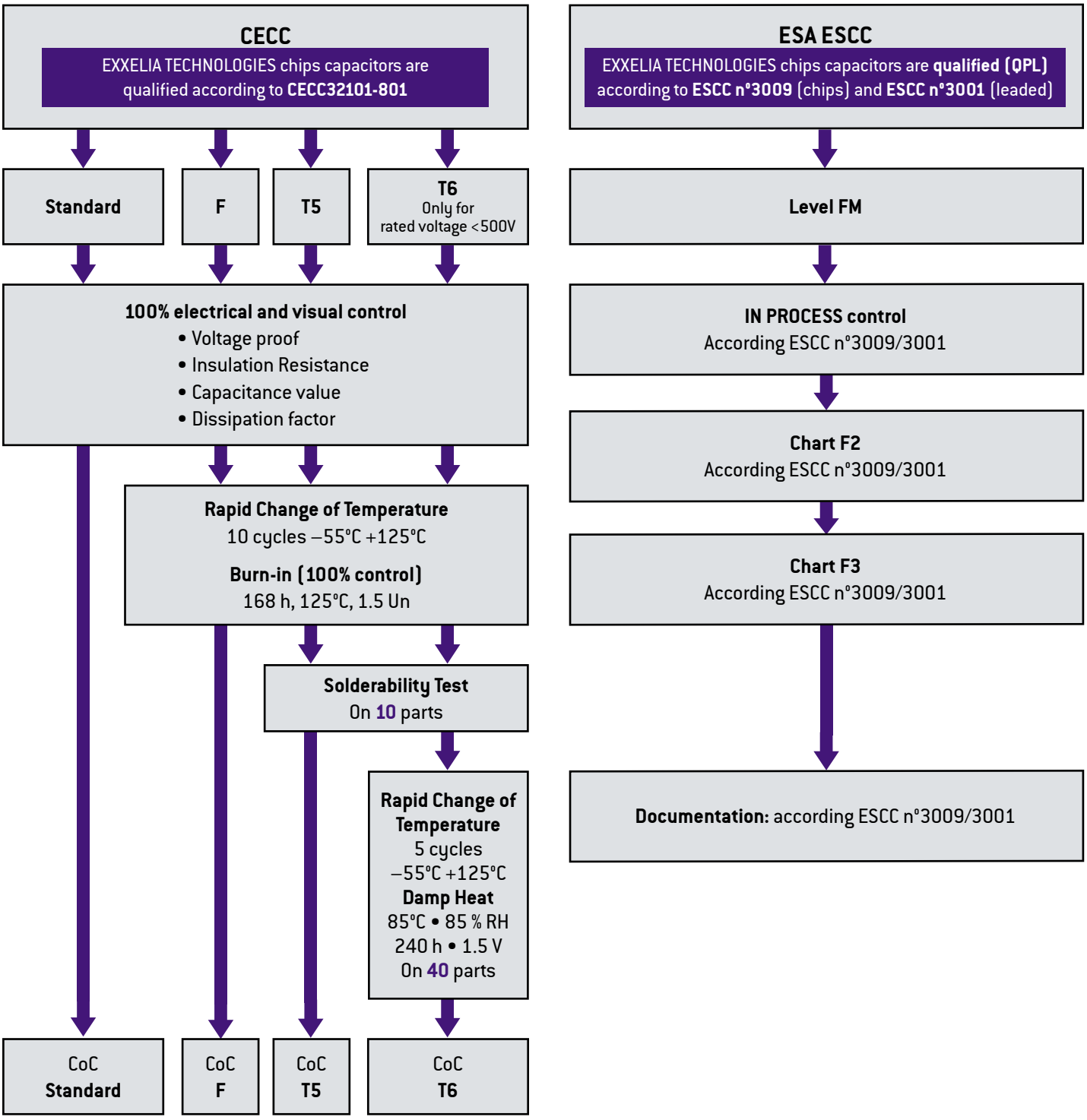
PART MARKING TOLERANCE CODES

Use the following tolerance code chart for part markings:

Tolerance	Letter code
±0.25pF	CU
±0.5pF	DU
±1pF	FU
±1%	F
±2%	G
±5%	J
±10%	K
±20%	M

RELIABILITY LEVELS

Exxelia proposes different reliability levels for the ceramic capacitors for both NP0 and X7R ceramics.



As the world's leading manufacturer of specific passive components, we stand apart through our ability to quickly evaluate the application specific engineering challenges and provide a cost-effective and efficient solutions.

For requirements that cannot be met by catalog products, we offer leading edge solutions in custom configuration: custom geometries, packaging, characteristics, all is possible thanks to our extensive experience and robust development process, while maintaining the highest level of reliability.

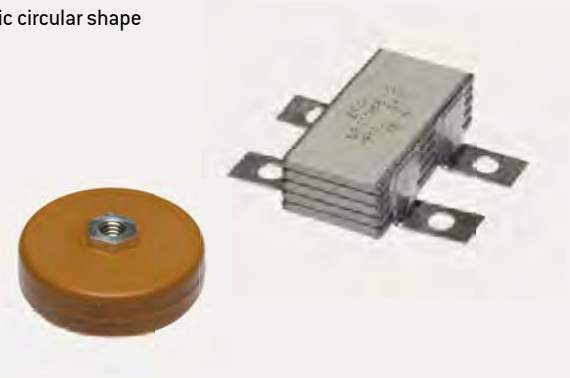
Where necessary, special testing is done to verify requirements, such as low dielectric absorption, ultra-high insulation resistance, low dissipation factor, stability under temperature cycling or under specified environmental conditions, etc.

HIGH CAPACITANCE

- High energy density
- Specific case sizes
- Specific shape of connections (high resistance to vibrations)

HIGH VOLTAGE

- Up to 50 kV
- Specific circular shape

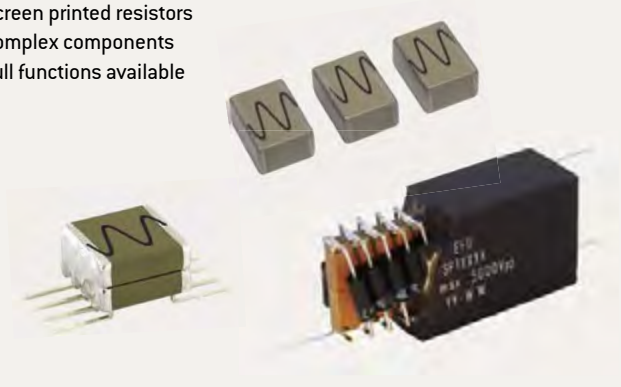


HIGH TEMPERATURE

- Up to 250°C
- Specific shape of connections
- 2,000 hours life time
- HMP soldering

OTHERS

- Screen printed resistors
- Complex components
- Full functions available



General Information

MATERIALS EXPERT

For 50 years and as a market leader, EXXELIA's comprehensive knowledge of the materials properties and performances have enabled us to design capacitors in Porcelain, NP0, BX, 2C1, BP, X7R and –2200ppm/°C ceramics.

CUSTOM DESIGNS

Our catalog products don't meet your application?

Based on the valuable experience accumulated over the design of 2,000+ specific ceramic capacitors, you can trust EXXELIA to define a qualitative custom solution in a time effective manner.

NO OBSOLESCENCE

Choosing a standard or custom EXXELIA product means you won't have to worry about obsolescence.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Aerospace & Defense: cockpit panels, flight control, radio systems, missile guidance systems…
- Space: military and commercial satellites, launcher…
- Medical: MRI, external defibrillators, implantable devices…
- Telecommunications: base stations…
- Oil and gas: drilling tools, MWD, LWD, wellheads…

ISO 9001 AND AS9100C

Quality is at the core of Exxelia's corporate culture. Each sites has its own certifications.

CERTIFICATIONS

Capacitors manufactured by EXXELIA comply with American and European standards and meet the requirements of many international standards.
For Space qualified parts (ESA QPL), please refer to our catalog «Ceramic capacitors for Space applications».

QUALITY & RELIABILITY

EXXELIA is committed to design and manufacture high quality and reliability products. The test cycles reproducing the most adverse operating conditions over extended periods (up to 10 000 hours) have logged to date well over 5.10^9 hours/°Component.
Failure rate data can be provided upon request.

CONFLICT MINERALS

EXXELIA is committed to an approach based on «Conflict Minerals Compliance». This US SEC rule demands complete traceability and a control mechanism for the mineral procurement chain, encouraging importers to buy only «certified» ore.
We have discontinued relations with suppliers that procure from the Democratic Republic of the Congo or an adjoining country.

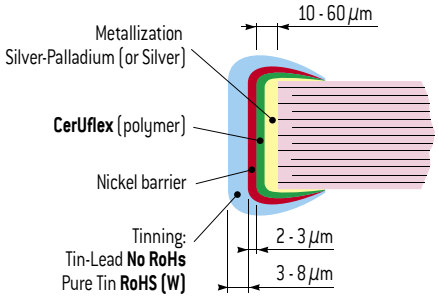
ENVIRONMENT

EXXELIA is committed to applying a robust environmental policy, from product design through to shipment. To control its environmental footprint and reconcile this with the company' functional imperatives, our environmental policy provides for the reduction or elimination of hazardous substances. We also focus on compliance with European Union directives and regulations, notably REACH and RoHS.

RoHS COMPLIANCY

SMD CAPACITORS

The capacitor terminations are generally protected by a nickel barrier formed by electrolytic deposit. This barrier gives chip capacitors leaching performance far exceeding the requirements of all applicable standards. The nickel barrier guarantees a minimum resistance to soldering heat for a period of 1 minute at 260°C in a tin-lead (60/40) or tin-lead-silver (62/36/2) bath without noticeable alteration to the solderability. It also allows repeated soldering-unsoldering and the longer soldering times required by reflow techniques.
However nickel barrier amplifies thermal shock and is not recommended for chip sizes equal or greater than CNC Y (30 30) - (C 282 to C 288 - CNC 80 to CNC 94).



LEADED COMPONENTS

As well as for SMD products, leaded capacitors ranges can also be RoHS. These products, which are characterized by the suffix «W» added to the commercial type, are naturally compatible with the soldering alloys used in RoHS mounting technology. The connections coating is generally an alloy SnAg (with a maximum of 4% Ag). However, on a few products that EXXELIA will precise on request, the coating is pure silver.